

Trend of Today's Markets

Stocks firm. Bonds mixed. Curb higher. Foreign exchange steady. Cotton easy. Wheat steady. Corn higher.

VOL. 91, NO. 79.



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ALL OFFICERS OUSTED IN BARTENDERS LOCAL UNION

International President Acts Because of Their Part in Police Investigation Into Attempt to Murder Witness Against Londe.

NOTIFIED OF ARRESTS BY CENTRAL TRADES

Those Removed are 'Babe' Baldwin, Thomas Brennan, 'Bab' Moran, James Murphy and Elmer J. Dowling.

Officers of the bartenders' union, all of whom have been arrested or sought for questioning in the investigation of the attempt to murder Lee Baker, Negro witness for the state in the bombing case against Isador Londe, were removed from office today by the international president of the union, Edward J. Scott.

Those ousted are Sylvester (Babe) Baldwin, who, as business agent, was boss of the union; Thomas Brennan, president; John E. (Bab) Moran, recording secretary; James Murphy, sergeant-at-arms, and Elmer J. Dowling, secretary-treasurer.

Their removal was the direct result of a report made to Flora by William Brandt, secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Union, concerning their part in the police investigation of the attempt to kill Londe.

Telegram from Flora.

A telegram received by Brandt today from Flora read:

"All officers of Bartenders' Local Union No. 61 are hereby removed from office. You are directed, as secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Union of St. Louis, to take charge of Local No. 51 and appoint a receiver with full authority to act for and in the name of the international union."

"Local autonomy is removed, and no meetings or election will be held until otherwise directed by the general president. An advisory board of not more than 10 may be named to co-operate and advise with the receiver."

Brandt placed affairs of the union in the hands of Dan Simpson. He told a Post-Dispatch reporter Simpson was an old-time bartender of good character whom he had known for many years.

Written notices were sent by Brandt to the headquarters of the bartenders' union notifying the officers of their dismissal. The notices included the statement that the \$30-a-week salaries of Baldwin, Moran and Dowling would terminate this week. The other dismissed officers were not paid officials.

Appeal From Brandt.

In a telegram yesterday to Flora, whose headquarters are at Buffalo, N.Y., Brandt described the situation in the bartenders' union as serious.

"President Brennan, Business Agent Baldwin, Assistant Business Agent Moran, of Local 61, in jail here," Brandt said. "Situation very bad. Secretary-treasurer Dowling cannot be found. Authorities looking for him. Have put Dan Simpson in charge of 51 until situation is cleared up. Answer."

The international vice-president of the union, Edward S. Miller, was in St. Louis last September to reorganize the Miscellaneous Hotel Workers' Union, which is in the same international organization with the bartenders. He left for home in Kansas City in haste on the afternoon of Oct. 25 with the explanation that he had been ordered by two union men to leave the city within 12 hours.

Two weeks before Miller's hasty departure, Harvey Fox, a business agent for the bartenders, who had started with Baldwin and Dowling to attend a convention of the organization at San Francisco, returned to St. Louis in an airplane he chartered at Wichita, Kan., and was met by Deputy Sheriffs who guarded him until he reached the city limits, where police took over the job of protecting him. Police were told he had become frightened on reaching the convention and returned to St. Louis by train and plane. He later resigned from his union job.

Reign of Baldwin and Pals.

Baldwin and his cohorts moved in on the bartenders' union two years ago. Londe himself is a hanger-on at union headquarters in the Mid-City Building at Grand

SOMEWHAT COLDER FOR TONIGHT WITH LOWEST ABOUT 24

	THE TEMPERATURES	
1 a.m.	28	8 a.m.
2 a.m.	29	11 a.m.
3 a.m.	29	12 noon
4 a.m.	29	3 p.m.
5 a.m.	29	6 p.m.
6 a.m.	29	7 p.m.
7 a.m.	29	8 p.m.
8 a.m.	29	9 p.m.
9 a.m.	29	10 p.m.
10 a.m.	29	11 p.m.
11 a.m.	29	12 m.
12 noon	29	
1 p.m.	29	
2 p.m.	29	
3 p.m.	29	
4 p.m.	29	
5 p.m.	29	
6 p.m.	29	
7 p.m.	29	
8 p.m.	29	
9 p.m.	29	
10 p.m.	29	
11 p.m.	29	
12 m.	29	
Yesterday's high, 43 (12:01 a.m.), low, 29 (11:59 p.m.).		

NOW THE
HALFBACKS CAN
MAKE TRACKS.



POST-DISPATCH WEATHER BIRD
REB. U.S. PAT. OFF.

west portion.

LONDE TO STAY IN JAIL UNTIL TRIAL; BOND SET ASIDE

Circuit Judge Scott Acts
Against Bombing Defendant
in Whose Behalf Witness Was Shot.

Isador Londe, in whose behalf an attempt was made to murder Lee Baker, Negro witness for the state in the bombing case against Londe Londe, were removed from office today by the international president of the union, Edward J. Scott.

Those ousted are Sylvester (Babe) Baldwin, who, as business agent, was boss of the union; Thomas Brennan, president; John E. (Bab) Moran, recording secretary; James Murphy, sergeant-at-arms, and Elmer J. Dowling, secretary-treasurer.

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Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

JIMMY MILLER DELIVERS AGAIN 'LIKE A MACHINE'

In One Fourth Ward Precinct, All Democratic Candidates Got 194 and All Republicans 94.

IDENTICAL VOTES ON BONDS, AMENDMENTS

Unanimity Also Is Shown in Count in Some Hannegan, Mestres, Kinney and Quinn Precincts.

Jimmy Miller, Justice of the Peace and Democratic committeeman, still "votes 'em like a machine" in his Fourth Ward.

Official returns in the recent election showed that in one of his precincts all Democratic candidates—there were 27 on the ticket in his bailiwick—were credited with 194 votes each, and the 27 Republicans with 94 each, while the vote on the nine State propositions was uniformly 249 to 42 and on the two city bond issues 267 to 24.

Running a close second to Miller's stalwarts in the machine-like precision of voting were some of the precincts in the wards of four other members of the Democratic City Committee—Chairman Robert E. Hannegan, Twenty-first Ward; Park Commissioner Joe Mestres, Seventh; State Senator Mike Kinney, Fifth; and Constable Thomas H. Quinn, Eighteenth.

Identical Votes in 18th Precinct

Miller's prize precinct from the standpoint of unanimity of opinion was the eighteenth, polling place for which was at 2428 Cass avenue. There, no voter—on the face of the returns—differed in the slightest degree from the group pattern in the selection of United States Senator, State Superintendent of Schools, Congressman, 10 Judges of the Supreme, Circuit, Probate and Criminal Court; four State Representatives, Prosecuting Attorney, seven administrative offices, Constable or the place retained as Justice of the Peace by Jimmy himself.

It was in this precinct that the Democratic nominees appealed without exception to 194 citizens and the Republican contenders similarly to 94 electors. There is an old saying among politicians that many voters of the Fourth Ward, including numerous Negroes, go into the polling places and ask for "the Jimmy Miller ballot." Such a habit, of course, accounts for many straight party ballots, but generally there are enough mistakes in voting or slight prejudices against a few candidates to cause some variation in the returns.

Three Socialist Ballots.

It so happened that three Socialists turned up in the eighteenth precinct to vote for Paul W. Friesler for Congressman, but somehow they didn't seem to care for the other Socialist nominees. Friesler's wife, running for State Superintendent of Schools, and the candidate for United States Senator, who were reported voteless there.

Preferences of the electorate of this precinct as to the State propositions were in marked variance from those of St. Louis and Missouri as a whole. No. 4, relating to the old-age pension limit, was the only item which carried the city and the State, but the men and women of the eighteenth favored impartially not only this, but both gasoline tax proposals, the right of the State Treasurer to succeed himself and all the rest. There were 249 who favored the nine items and only 42 who expressed themselves against them.

The precinct took a stand contrary to that of the city as a whole on the bond issues advocated by Mayor Dickmann. Jimmy Miller is on friendly terms politically with the Mayor just now, and his constituents were reported largely in favor of the administration's bond proposals, without distinction—267 were for \$500,000 for the Fire Department and for \$750,000 for a WPA relief program, and a bare 24 were against each.

What Returns Show.

The returns showed, on perusal by a Post-Dispatch reporter, that 291 ballots were cast on public offices, including the three votes for Socialist candidates, and the same number, 261, were cast on the city bond issues and the State propositions. Elsewhere throughout the city, the bond issues and State propositions, which were on ballots separate from the candidate ballot, got a smaller vote than the candidates. In the city as a whole, the vote on the bonds was about 21,000 less, and that on the State propositions averaged 34,000 less, than on candidates.

In the fourteenth precinct of the Fourth Ward, there were 155 votes each for all the Democratic candidates, as reported in the returns, and 82 each for the Republicans. This precinct, however, showed uneven results on the propositions and bond issues. The polling place was at 1915 Middle street.

In the Eighteenth ward, eighteenth precinct, the returns showed 213 votes cast on the Fire Department proposal—243 yes, 70 no—and only 80 for candidates. The

Typical Scene During Winter's First Snow



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer
Girl motorist clearing snow from the windshield of her car at Eighth and Washington avenue.

France to Sign German Accord;

Chamberlain Arrives in Paris

Continued From Page One.

WPA bond proposal appeared as having 310 votes—250 yes to 60 no. Votes on the State propositions were small and had a normal-looking variance.

In this precinct, every Democrat on the ticket was credited in the returns with 176 votes, and every Republican with 134. Thomas H. Quinn, Constable in Justice Miller's court, is Eighteenth Ward Committeeman, and Mrs. Ann Jabolinsky is committeewoman. The eighteenth precinct polling place is at 2325 Benton street.

Ironclad Plurality of 14.

Out in Chairman Hannegan's ward, the Twenty-first, the Democrats squeaked through with an ironclad plurality of 14 in the sixteenth precinct, 3142 Marion place, but there was the same unanimity of opinion among the voters of both parties as was displayed downtown.

The returns gave 126 votes for each Democratic nominee and 112 for each Republican, with three exceptions. Elsewhere in this North Side ward the Republicans made inroads on the Democratic majority.

The exceptions in the sixteenth precinct were as follows: Three Republican voters liked United States Senator Bennett C. Clark (Dem.) better than the nominees of their own party, Henry S. Caulfield, and the count was 129 to 109. One Republican turned from Conway Elder (Rep.) to Judge James M. Douglass (Dem.) for the Supreme Court, making the count 127 to 111. One Republican scratched Bruno Sendlein (Rep.) for Circuit Clerk but didn't mark his ballot for the Democratic incumbent, H. Sam Priest; result: 126 to 111.

Under this pact France would make instant military aid unconditional, whereas the present pact gives Britain the right to decide in case war resulted from a German attack on France's Central European allies.

Military co-operation was listed as the primary subject for discussion today and tomorrow. A plan for reorganization of the Spanish Civil War, the question of aiding Germany's persecuted Jews and the situation in the Far East, were other important matters to be taken up.

Sources close to the Government said it was thought the dropping, or at least readjustment, of the French-Soviet pact would be a necessary condition to Britain's automatic guarantee to France.

Under this pact France would be called on to attack Germany if Nazi troops committed an aggression against Soviet Russia.

France's other treaties were seen as presenting little difficulty. Britain has promised to guarantee in the same manner as France. The French-Polish mutual assistance pact is generally conceded by Frenchmen to have lapsed.

In the event of a Nazi attack on Rumania, France's other ally, it was believed Britain also would choose to fight in view of the new close co-operation between London and King Carol's Government.

Daladier was ready to argue that Britain train a large army to help France out on the Continent, were 230 ballots reported on the bond issues and only 230 candidates for office. Chairman Hannegan is a staunch Lieutenant of the Mayor. The vote on the State propositions in this precinct was uneven.

In Park Commissioner Mestres' Seventh Ward, a downtown district south of the railroad tracks, the eighth precinct, 1231 Chouteau avenue, turned out another surprising display of single-track voting. The recorded result was 213 votes for each Democratic nominee on the entire ticket and 47 for each Republican.

On both bond issues this precinct stood 240 to 13 on the favorable side. Mestres is an appointee of Mayor Dickmann. Many of his constituents doubtless would have benefited from the WPA relief program. There was a little variation in the vote of this precinct on the State propositions, but every one of them was given an overwhelming majority: there were 232 to 241 votes on these items and only 16 no.

The precinct reported 260 ballots on candidates, 253 on the bonds and 250 on the propositions.

Outcome in Kinney's Ward.

Senator Kinney's central downtown Fifth Ward had two precincts with virtually unanimous balloting by adherents of both parties. In the ninth precinct, 1011 North Eighteenth street, there were 276 votes for each Democratic candidate and 130 for each Republican, except that Senator Clark got 275 and Caulfield, his opponent, 131. There was one vote each for the two Socialist-Labor candidates, for Senator and Congressman. The vote on the bond issues and the propositions was uneven.

In the fifth precinct of this ward, 1422 Franklin avenue, the results showed 267 votes for each Democrat on the ticket and 115 for each Republican, except that the Republican nominee for State Superintendent of Schools was credited with 116 and except in the case of two Justices of the Peace and two Constables.

There was a switch of one vote on the Justices and one Constable, but the other Democratic constabulary candidate was more popular and there was a shift of four votes. The count: Frank D. Bledsoe and Richard J. Fitzpatrick, Democrat, 288, and Samuel J. Lauer, Republican, 111.

Judge Sullivan granted the petition of Solomon Weinberg, 31 years old, a produce handler, charged with illegally entering the United States 11 years ago, for a writ of habeas corpus freeing him from custody.

Weinberg was arrested by immigration authorities last June before he entered the country without a hearing before officials was ordered

PRESIDENT DENIES FUNDS TO GEORGIA UNTIL IT ASSISTS

Says State Will Not Get Another Red Cent of PWA Money Until Enabling Laws Are Passed.

By the Associated Press

WARM SPRINGS, Ga., Nov. 23.—President Roosevelt's arrangement of Georgia for seeking Federal aid for public works without setting up legal enabling machinery caused a stir in State official and political circles today.

While the United Palestine Appeal organization in Washington describes the colonial plan as a "misuse," the Rev. M. L. Perlitzberg, leader of the British section of the World Jewish Congress, said in London: "Tens of thousands of Jews under arrest or in concentration camps cannot hope to survive while immigration schemes are maturing. We need possibilities of emigration today, not tomorrow."

A statement issued by an American Jewish delegation here in London said the British Government plans—for settlement of Jewish refugees in Africa and British Guiana—inspired little hope of immediate relief.

Chamberlain Ignored This, But Even So Was Not Over-enthusiastic About the Plan.

Meanwhile, the idea of establishing centers in England to teach agriculture to young German Jews advocated by the Evian conference in London, was not the slightest hint that Burwell was the most practical place for settlement.

The National Council of Palestine Jewry assisted by other groups say they are prepared to finance and organize the immediate absorption of practically the whole German Jewish younger generation of suitable age—about 100,000 persons.

Some observers attempted to read politics in the presidential statement that Georgia was the only state in the Union which had failed to co-operate with the Federal Government on public works and would not receive another red cent until it had set up enabling acts.

There was not the slightest hint of this in official circles, however. Moreover, there were reports that Senator Walter F. George, conservative Democrat whom Mr. Roosevelt sought unsuccessfully to defeat, may come here for a chat during the President's two weeks' stay.

Meanwhile, labor agitation against the Daladier Government grew steadily and the Premier's strength in Parliament was not at all certain.

He won his first struggle over his financial decree laws yesterday when a test motion was adopted by Chamber of Deputies Finance Committee by a vote of 25 to 16, approving Daladier's proposal to exclude the decrees from discussion.

The motion was approved, however, only after the Premier threatened to cancel Chamberlain's visit in case of an adverse vote. He likely will face other fights when Parliament reconvenes Dec. 6.

He said he might also see Speaker Bankhead and Majority Leader Rayburn of the House while the Arab-Jewish round-table discussions next year.

First reaction to the President's Georgia attack came from State Senator Paul Lindsay of Atlanta, a leader in the group that obtained Federal aid for a State prison in Tift County and a State insane hospital at Milledgeville through indirect loans, to circumvent the State constitutional bar against borrowing.

Lindsay expressed belief enabling legislation could be accomplished without a constitutional amendment and that a bill would be introduced in the Legislature concerning Jan. 9 to permit the State to issue revenue certificates against anticipated earnings from selfliquidating projects, practice he said already authorized for counties and cities.

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There was hope at first that South America would offer a home to the German Jews, but many countries there intimated they could not absorb mass immigration.

The British then approached Australia and New Zealand both of whom opposed a block influx and agreed only to an infiltration by normal immigration.

It was reported during the visit to London by King Carol of Romania that he suggested the refusals.

Minister Chamberlain to provide a refuge for German Jews in Tanganyika, former German colony in East Africa, the President said he had not read it. He also declined comment on reports that Joseph P. Kennedy, American Ambassador to London, had been "prodded" into action to co-operate with the International Refugee Committee in London.

He said he had given no thought to appointments, Supreme Court or any other kind.

The new defense program, he said in response to another question, was coming along satisfactorily although he personally was doing little on it. This was being left to others, he explained.

He asked Secretary Marvin McIntyre to check up on prospects of receiving soon some recommendations for railroad rehabilitation legislation from the six-member rail-labor committee in Washington.

"I feel there will be every co-operation from the Assembly (meeting in January)," Rivers said. "To accomplish this desired status."

Senator George said the President's remarks were "about the State crowd" and "it has never been my policy to interfere in the State's business."

"It is entirely up to the State," he said, "whether they wish to amend our Constitution to take advantage of the Federal fund we have set up."

His statement grew out of questioning on a Pennsylvania legislative investigation which brought out that some PWA inspectors had been appointed on recommendation of Matt McCloskey, Pennsylvania contractor who obtained PWA contracts from the Pennsylvania General Authority.

"It would be a 'cruel and inhuman punishment,'" he said, "to get rid of all inspectors, regardless of their ability or incapability, if their appointment had in any way been influenced by a contractor."

"I want to get rid of any inspector recommended anywhere at any time by any contractor," Ickes said at his press conference.

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District Attorney Lawrence S. Camp, New Dealer who ran third, agreed with the President. He said he believed the Government had lent money to Georgia in the past "as a matter of grace rather than a matter of right."

Asked about the proposal of Prime

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IT'S KILLING, SAYS GOT WRONG MAN

Davis Surrenders—
Caller Who Gave
Name of Another.

Associated Press.
CA., Nov. 23.—Night
man William Luffine said
William Davis, 65 years old,
told and confessed he shot
Doyle Burwell but insisted
"killed the wrong man."
He said Davis told him the
shooting occurred last night
in back porch of the Davis
home as a case of mistaken
identity.

As quoted Davis as saying
Burwell knocked at the back
door at night and in answer to his
question "Who's there," Burwell re-
plied "I told you before
away from here." He con-
fessed he then opened the
door, killed, killing Burwell.

His report was supported by
T. Johnson, Marshall County
sheriff.

Johnson said Davis told him
he fired a shot at Wier about
weeks ago and that he ob-
tained Wier's paying court to his
wife, Mary, 20, for what he
were "personal reasons."

Bill, who was 21, married and
had one child, was a
of Wier's. The officer said
Wier, who is 22, and
Long, all from Henry, drove
Davis home last night to
Mary to go out. Burwell
left the door.

He said both Wier and Long
left at Lacon as material wit-
nesses.

RD ANNOUNCES DISPUTE UAW HAS BEEN SETTLED

Workers Had Threatened
to Strike in Detroit Plant Over
Wage Question

Associated Press.
DETROIT, Nov. 23.—M. G. Glavin, vice-president and general
manager of the Packard Motor Car
Company, announced today after an all-
day conference with officers of the
United Automobile Workers
(CIO) that difficulties which
had been threatening to strike had been

settled.

Dillon, Read & Co., the witness
explained, will receive for expenses
\$1 on every share, or \$130,000. In
addition, the banking firm is to re-
ceive a commission of \$1.50 a share
on stock not taken up by share-
holders. Egan calculated that at
least half the issue would be ab-
sorbed by stockholders, who, he said,
have already turned in 15 per
cent of their present stock. The
New York firm's commission on
the new issue of preferred stock
of 130,000 shares of preferred stock.
The commissions were agreed on
without competitive bidding, Egan
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616 Viewed as Fair Rate.

Egan stated that the public offer-
ing price had been set at \$106,
which he regarded as a fair rate,
in consideration of the fact, among
others, that for several years there
has been no large offering of pre-
ferred stock by a utility company.

Negotiations with partners of
Dillon, Read & Co. were carried on
the witness said, by himself and
Vice-President Frank J. Boehm. This house, with one
minor exception, according to Egan,
has handled all of Union Electric's
securities issues for 15 years. It
represents in this transaction, the
witness said, a total of 41 under-
writers.

Egan continued that the Missouri
Public Service Commission had
published an order requiring com-
petitive bidding in underwriting
transactions, but never had en-
forced it. However, he admitted
the contract with Dillon, Read &
Co. was signed after the order had
been promulgated. The deal is to
be handled for the present by an
issue of interim receipts, which will
be exchanged for stock on Jan. 1.
That date was also set as the one
on which Dillon, Read & Co. will
receive its commissions.

The interim receipts will be held
in escrow until the new preferred
stock is delivered. Egan argued
that the award of the underwriting
deal to Dillon, Read & Co. probably
was money for Union Electric, as
the New York firm already was
thoroughly familiar with Union
Electric's properties.

Richard Townsend, SEC trial ex-
aminer, asked the witness whether
he was cognizant of an Interstate
Commerce Commission rule requir-
ing competitive bidding in the
awarding of railroad securities.

Egan said he had never heard of it.

Counsel Fred Putt of St. Louis
argued that the award of the underwriting
deal to Dillon, Read & Co. probably
was money for Union Electric, as
the New York firm already was
thoroughly familiar with Union
Electric's properties.

He said he considered the price
set for the stock to be fair to the
company, its share owners and the
public. Counsel for the corporation
emphasized their opinion that the
first was all a mistake—he had
practiced without authorization.

An anonymous letter received
three weeks ago by William B. Her-
lands, Commissioner of Investigation,
brought an inquiry that led to his
indictment.

The official report of the inquiry
said Mulligan, 33 years old, took
the bar examinations in 1928 and
subsequently received word he had
passed. Two days later, it said, he
received a second notice saying the
first was all a mistake—he had
practiced without authorization.

Record of Some Officers.

Baldwin, during prohibition days,
operated the notorious Plantation
Inn in St. Louis County. Moran was a
big-time bootlegger, associated
with the late Gus Winkler in the
operation of a liquor syndicate in
Chicago.

Baldwin was once convicted of
robbery and sentenced to five years
in prison, but obtained a new trial
and the charge was dismissed by
Circuit Attorney Howard Sidener.

Moran and Monroe (Blackie) Ar-
men were indicted for the murder of
John C. Johnson, Negro witness in
the Kelley kidnapping case, but the
charges were dismissed last May because
an important witness could
not be found.

Before Miller, international vice-
president of the union, was run out
of town last month a Post-Dispatch
reporter asked him what he
thought of the union activities of
Baldwin and Moran. He said they
were doing a good job, and he did
not condemn them just because the
police often arrested them.

The union had only about 350
members when the new manage-
ment stepped in two years ago. It
now pays per capita dues to the
international office for 1200 mem-
bers.

Mayor John Wilkes said the
Council suspended Thompson after
the Council voted against approv-
ing his annual report. He said
Frank Morgan, City Clerk, had
been employed to audit Thompson's
books.

An agreement under which An-
gell will pay \$25 to \$150 a month
alimony, a lump sum of \$1000 in a
year, and maintain a \$10,000 life
insurance policy with her as bene-
ficiary was approved by the Court.

"Our rate is already one of the
lowest in the country," the witness
parried.

"Would you like to be the low-
est?"

"Well, we might be if we could
move Niagara Falls to St. Louis."

There was placed in evidence a copy
of an order issued Monday by
the Missouri Public Service
Commission approving the Union
Electric's proposed new issue of
preferred stock. It is under this
order that Union Electric is asking
the SEC to exempt it from regis-
tering the new stock under the
Holding Company Act.

It was brought out that the Poto-
mac Electric Co. of Washington,
which is a subsidiary of the North
American Co., has used competitive
bidding for the underwriting
of its securities. This has been done
with success, Egan acknowledged.

Egan was asked how Union Elec-
tric's long connection with Dillon,
Read & Co. came about.

"Well," he answered, "I think the
North American Co. encouraged it."

He said the North American Co.

had said the North American Co.

WASHINGTON U. TO GET BIG SHARE OF WILSON ESTATE

Amount Roughly \$500,000,
but Will Be Changed by
Any Shifts in Heirs'
Family Status.

ALL OF PROPERTY VALUED AT MILLION

\$78,800 in Specific Bequests — Rest Left in Trust for Four Nephews and Four Nieces.

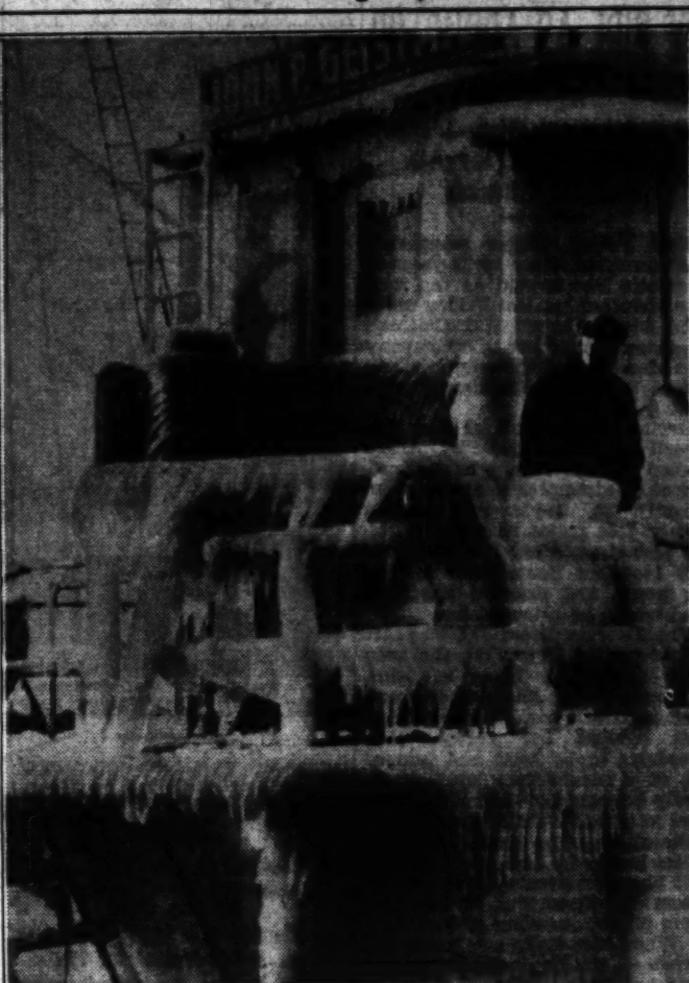
The estate of Mrs. Sarah L. Glassow Wilson, estimated by the executors as exceeding \$1,000,000 in value, will go to her four nephews and four nieces and their families, and in part ultimately to Washington University, by the terms of her will, filed yesterday at Clayton. The university's share of the estate is indicated as one-half, or about \$500,000, but future contingencies may increase or reduce this amount.

Mrs. Wilson, widow of Newton R. Wilson, a donor of more than \$900,000 to Washington University and Mary Institute during her lifetime, died Saturday evening at her home, 4 Brentwood Park.

Division Into Two Groups.
After specific bequests of \$78,800 to charities and individuals, the will leaves the residue of the estate in trust for the nephews and nieces, dividing them into two equal groups.

Group A, a nephew and three nieces, have children. Each of these four is to receive, for 20 years, one-eighth of the income of the estate. At the end of the 20-year period, this trust is to cease as to them, and they and their descendants will receive one-eighth shares of the estate. If, however, any of the four heirs should become childless,

After Lake Superior Storm



CAPT. CHARLES J. AUTTISON, master of the freighter, John P. Geistman, examining the heavy coating of ice which formed during a storm that tore loose 44 automobiles, carried as deck cargo, and sent them overboard into the lake before the ship docked at Duluth, Minn.

less during the 20-year period, the share of such heir would go to Washington University, on the same terms as provided for Group B.

Group B, three nephews and a niece, were stated by the will to be without children. Each of the four is to receive one-eighth of the income of the estate for life, and the wife or husband surviving, and any of them is also to get the income for life.

After the death of the three persons, their shares of the estate are to go to Washington University. However, if any of the heirs in Group B should have children, the heir's status under the will would change to that of Group A, and he or she would receive a one-eighth share of the estate at the end of the 20-year period.

This means that if the children of the Group A heirs continue to live, and no children are born to the Group B heirs, the university ultimately would receive one-half the estate. In the event of any change in the present family status, the university would receive more or less than one-half.

Names of the Heirs.
The Group A heirs, who now have children, and who are designated to receive shares of the estate after 20 years, are: William G. B. Carson, nephew, 7006 Maryland drive; Mrs. Eleanor G. Conant, niece, wife of George K. Conant, 19 Portland place; Mrs. Mary Glasgow Chivis, niece, wife of Leland Chivis, 1437 McCausland avenue; and Mrs. Ellen Glasgow Lane, niece, wife of George W. Lane, 5082 Waterman avenue.

The Group B heirs, designated by the will as being without children, and who are to receive the income for life, their shares of the estate thereafter reverting to the university, are: Carr Lane Glasgow, nephew, Elizabeth, La.; F. Ewing Glasgow, nephew, 5185 Lindell boulevard; Charles M. Glasgow, nephew, Telluride, Colo., and Mrs. Sarah B. Jones, niece, wife of Alfred W. Jones, 144 Kenilworth place, Webster Groves. As stated, the wife or husband of any of these will continue to receive the income for life, if the heir should die.

The will prescribes that the portion of the estate going to Washington University shall be used as

an endowment fund "for increase of salaries of the teaching force, preferably professors, in the College of Liberal Arts and School of Engineering. It is my intent" the will states, "that the income from this fund be used to enable Washington University to attract and keep the best teachers for said school and college."

Bequests to Charity.
The specific bequests to charity, to be paid before the trust estate is formed, are:

Little Sisters of the Poor, \$10,000, to be divided equally between the two houses maintained by the order.

St. Louis Provident Association, Missouri Commission for the Blind, Tuberculosis and Health Society, St. Joseph's Deaf and Dumb Institute, Father Dempsey's Hotels, Inc., Salvation Army, Humane Society of Missouri, and Humane Society of St. Louis County, \$5000 each.

Special bequests to individuals are:

To Mrs. Wilson's physicians, Drs. John C. Morritt and Stanley S. Burns, \$5000 each, "in appreciation of their constant kindness and attention to me"; to Kate Delaney and Norah Carroll, maids, \$4000 each; to Margaret Stanton, a former maid, \$3000; to Louis Weiss, employed on Mrs. Wilson's farm on the Mississippi River, \$3000; to Emilie Endres, farm manager, \$2500; to Joseph Silve, gardener, \$1000; to Katherine Endres, wife of the farm manager, \$500; to Frank Stafford, chauffeur, \$500, and to Louis Berberich, farm employee, \$300.

A number of other bequests, to relatives and to present or former employees, were contained in the will, but were revoked by codicils, stating that they had been anticipated by lifetime gifts of money, or establishment of annuities. The revoked clauses included bequests of \$20,000 each to Mrs. Minnie W. Cragin of Worcester, Mass., sister of Mrs. Wilson's deceased husband, and her five children; of \$10,000 to Katherine T. Goddard, Chihuahua, Mexico, and \$5000 each to Louise Knapp of St. Louis, Eleanor Knapp Newhouse of Maryville, O., and Sarah Crawford Wilson of Beaumont, Tex.

\$10,000 bequest to Hannah Pittenger, "my faithful nurse," was revoked with the explanation that the nurse, now Mrs. Larry D. Stone, received \$5000 as a wedding present. Provision for a \$10,000 trust for Socto Guerao, family cook, and his wife, Marie, was revoked, with the statement that an annuity costing \$10,000 had been given in Mrs. Wilson's lifetime. Bequests of \$5000 each to William Endres and Ada Williams, employees, were revoked with the statement that annuities costing \$5000 each had been purchased for them.

George W. Lane, husband of one of Mrs. Wilson's nieces, and William S. Bedal, her attorney, are trustees and executors. The will gives them authority to dispose of the personal property, "jewelry, silverware, household furniture, books, pictures, objects of art, etc." among such relatives and friends and in such amount and manner as they may determine.

**BOY, 14, CAPTURED AT HOME
ESCAPED FROM COUNTY JAIL**

He Said He Fleed Because He Was Lonesome; Accused With Brother of Burglaries.

Henry Stanford, 14 years old, who escaped from the juvenile quarters of the St. Louis County jail last night, was recaptured this morning when he appeared at his home in Lemay.

Returned to the jail and placed in more secure custody, the boy explained that he had forced the mesh over a first floor window and fled because he was lonesome. He was seen leaving the jail by a tramp whom he outdistanced. The boy and his brother, James, 12, were arrested last Thursday and admitted 12 minor burglaries, at filling stations in which they obtained sums ranging from \$1 to \$5.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1934

GOV. EARL TESTIFIES IN GRAFT INQUIRY

Says He Objected to Philadelphia Democratic Leader's Bidding on State Contracts.

By the Associated Press.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 28.—Gov. George H. Earle denied before a legislative committee last night the campaign charges against him that resulted from the primary fight in the Democratic party.

He was recalled today to continue his reply to accusations of former Attorney-General Charles J. Margiotti, whom Earle dismissed as Attorney-General last spring after he made some of the charges in his unsuccessful race for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination.

The Governor has said he repaid most of the loans.

Earle, like his associates who pre-

pared for a grand jury inquiry asked for the right to inquire into loans of \$28,500 the Governor got from McCloskey and what bearing they had on the State building contract.

The Governor has said he repaid most of the loans.

Earle, like his associates who pre-

pared him on the witness stand, dis-

puted the previous testimony of Margiotti, whom Earle dismissed as At-

torney-General last spring after he

made some of the charges in his

unsuccessful race for the Demo-

cratic gubernatorial nomination.

Earle told the committee that he ob-

jected to McCloskey's bidding on

State building projects, of which

McCloskey received \$10,000,000

worth. The Governor said he "pro-

tested vehemently" but had no right

to bar McCloskey from bidding.

District Attorney Carl B. Shel-

ley told the committee that he ob-

jected to McCloskey's bidding on

State building projects, of which

McCloskey received \$10,000,000

worth. The Governor said he "pro-

tested vehemently" but had no right

to bar McCloskey from bidding.

Stalley and Companion Ar-

rested After Physician Checks

A man who said he was George Stalley, 23 years old, a laborer, 1416 Dolman street, was arrested last night on complaint of Dr. Alvin H. Diehr, who reported to police Stalley had attempted to collect \$5 from him as a contribution in a non-ex-

istent Maplewood police benefit

fund campaign.

Stalley was quoted as admitting to police that he and a companion had obtained a total of \$16 from three other persons on similar representations.

Dr. Diehr, a physician, told police

a man telephoned Monday asking for a \$5 contribution. He said he

told the man to call at his office in

the Missouri Theater Building, then

phoned Chief of Police James A.

Ryan of Maplewood, who informed

him there was no such campaign

and thus deny the right to have its

action reviewed.

McDonald said to a Post-Dispatch

reporter that further steps would

be taken to protect Caulfield's in-

terest. Caulfield was removed be-

cause he was accused of being a

co-trustee of the First National

Bank, fixed by the Court. Judge

Porter Henry as counsel to serve

with Elam, for the committee.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

suited to be accepted from the First

National Bank \$10,000 as an addi-

tional fee, besides the compensation

of \$600 a month, also paid by

the bank, fixed by the Court. Judge

Porter Henry as counsel to serve

with Elam, for the committee.

TRUE BILL RETURNED
AFTER FATAL AUTO CRASH

Foster's Jury Had Named Corcoran

A no-truth bill was voted by

the jury yesterday after

investigation of the fatal inju-

ries suffered by John Carroll Corcoran, 4049A

Bellevue, in an automobile

accident at 5th and Was-

ington boulevard, Oct. 20.

A coroner's jury had re-

turned a verdict of criminal carelessness

against Charles Foster, 1901

avenue, after hearing testi-

monial.

FIGURE!

You can easily see

Buck's kind of car

you want! Figure how

much less it now costs

— and how many

"extras" the price in-

cludes — and you'll

see Buck's the car you

ought to have! Next

step...

SEE YOUR NEAREST

BUICK DEALER NOW!

ADVERTISEMENT

Let This Doctor's

Formula Help

Your Lazy Liv-

Right Way To Relieve Constipation
and Feed "Tip-Top" In Morn-

If liver bile doesn't flow freely

into your intestines — constipa-

tion and its headaches and that

half-a-dozen

times a day result. So step up

to Dr. Edwards' Olive Tab-

lets so successfully for years by

F. M. Edwards for his patients

constipation and sluggish bile.

Olive Tablets, being pure

harmless. They not only stim-

ulate the bowels to digest fatty foods

also help elimination. Get a

DOATAY 15, 30, 60. All drugs

are safe.

fixed by the Court. Judge yesterday appointed attorney as counsel, to serve in, for the committee.

TRUE BILL RETURNED AFTER FATAL AUTO CRASH

Prisoner's Jury Had Named Charles Foster in Death of J. C. Corcoran

A no-truth bill was voted by the grand jury yesterday after an investigation of the fatal injury of John Carroll Corcoran, 4045A Page Boulevard, in an automobile collision at Sarah street and Washington boulevard, Oct. 20.

A coroner's jury had returned a verdict of criminal carelessness, naming Charles Foster, 1901 Blair Avenue, after hearing testimony that Foster ran past a red traffic signal.



86 PROOF

KC CITY IMPORTERS SINCE 1890
and Illinois
Co.

MAIN 2560-2561

Let This Doctor's Formula Help Your Lazy Liver

Right Way To Relieve Constipation
and "Tip-Top" In Morning

If liver bile doesn't flow freely every day into your intestines—constipation will set in. Just step up to Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, used so successfully for years by Dr. T. M. Edwards for his patients with constipation and sluggish bile.

Olive Tablets, being purely vegetable, are harmless. They not only stimulate bile to flow but digest fatty foods and also help elimination. Get a box TODAY! 15¢, 30¢, 60¢. All drugstores.

STIX, BAER & FULLER

the GRAND-LEADER since 1892



but we'll be here in full force
at 9 a.m. FRIDAY for our

AFTER- THANKSGIVING SALES!

And what a sale! Drastic reductions on the most wanted, timely merchandise and loads of values for alert Christmas shoppers. Meet us here sharp at 9 Friday.

CHARGE PURCHASES MADE NOW, WILL APPEAR ON
DECEMBER STATEMENTS, PAYABLE IN JANUARY

Nazis Assess Jews 20 Pct. Of Fortunes to Pay Fine

Continued From Page One.

Korps took note of British and United States sentiment, although there was no immediate reaction to the American note of yesterday asking assurances American citizens would not be affected by decrees ousting Jews from Germany.

"Sweeping Solution."

Referring to criticism of the anti-Jewish drive by the British House of Commons, Goebbels said pointedly:

"If the English want to conclude a binding friendship with the German people, they should make this friendship dependent on inner political German circumstances."

"Politicians consider British Government chances for a four-power peace understanding, including France, Britain, Germany and Italy, have been weakened by the resentment against the anti-Jewish drive."

"The behavior of Jewry itself in Germany compels a sweeping and swift solution," Goebbels asserted.

"The German nation today no longer will put up with interference and a governess-like tutelage," he said of parliamentary criticism in London.

"They say: In the last five years you have handled the Jews badly. Jews' Holdings in Berlin."

"But Jews still possess 50 per cent of Berlin's real estate. Jews even now own capital of approximately \$2,000,000,000 marks (\$3,200,000,000). That means the German people, according to their percentage of the population, ought to have 900,000,000 marks (\$360,000,000,000), but the German people possess only 200,000,000 marks (\$80,000,000) of national wealth."

"That means, therefore, that the Jews still have managed to keep the four and one-half times more of German wealth after five and a half years of national socialistic government."

"One cannot teach certain sections abroad concerning this question, above all not the Jewish public."

"In New York, for example, there are 2,000,000 Jews. How shall one convince them that Germany is right. One does not have to wonder, therefore, over the reaction from New York. Besides New York is not America."

"Anti-Semitism is alive in all peoples. The Jews themselves awaken it."

"It is not our fault that the Jewish question today is the theme of world discussion. The Jews have brought that on through their own hysteria."

Establishment of a Jewish state outside Germany was the only way by which German Jews could be saved from otherwise inevitable extinction," said Das Schwarze Korps.

Naming the United States and Britain, however, in reference to the proposal for colonial refuges, including the former German East Africa, now British Tanganyika, the weekly paper continued that:

"In our colonies alone the Jews should not be settled because that wouldn't be in their interest, for they are certain at some time to be chased out of there just as out of Germany."

"Soon to be impoverished."

Germany hopes some day to regain Tanganyika and other colonies lost in the World War.

The weekly paper declared they would be eliminated from German influence "because it is necessary, because we no longer listen to world soteries and finally because no power in the world can stop us."

It predicted the Jews soon would become impoverished with a "community of hundreds of thousands of criminals" in which case Germany would eliminate "the Jewish underworld just as we used to root out criminal elements in our land of order with fire and sword."

From Hitler's Paper.

In similar vein the Voelkischer Beobachter, regarded as Chancellor Hitler's mouthpiece, declared that "the Jewish question now will be solved once and for all; otherwise we never will reach the peace we need for so many big and domestic and foreign questions."

The entire German people is united in a determined will that now the last chapter of the Jewish question in Germany is beginning."

From Goebbels' newspaper, Der Angriff, came the intimation that Jews even might be deprived of their insurance in the process of a systematic curtailment of economic and cultural privilege.

Der Angriff said:

"The question remains open whether conditions are such that any German insurance companies may give any form of protection through insurance to Jews, because thereby the possibility is created that (other) insured, who are mostly Germans, will be giving economic aid to Jews through their premiums."

"Here is the task the German insurance companies will have to solve."

Without Compromise.

Robert Ley, head of the German labor front, declared in a speech in Vienna tonight that Germany's campaign against the Jews "must be carried forward without compromise to the goal set by the Fuehrer."

"Should the Jew win this fight," Ley said, "the Versailles treaty could very easily appear as child's play compared with the effects of a Jewish victory."

"The Jews are a typical example of parasitism. They are a residue of race mixtures of Asia Minor and have been expelled by all other nations. This accounts for their eagerness to have a share in the economic life of foreign nations."

LONDE TO STAY:
JAIL UNTIL TRIAL;
BOND SET ASIDE

Continued From Page One.

ban, paroled bank robber, are now in custody. Baker had identified a police picture of Urban as a photograph of one of the men who shot him, but when he saw Urban in person he said he was not the man.

John Michaels, Cuckoo gangster, was arrested shortly after noon today by Detective Sergeant James Shelton, who saw him loitering about the Municipal Courts Building. Michaels and two other men, both bartenders, arrested last night, will be viewed by Baker.

Baker, telling of his ride to St. Louis County with the two men who, representing themselves as police officers, lured him from his Southeast Missouri hideout, said that he noted the name "Zimmer or something like that" at the clubhouse where his assailants stopped just before they shot him.

They had "old" him, Baker said, that they wanted to see a man there about a hunting trip they had planned for the next day.

"The big fat one went in there for a while," Baker said, "and then he came out. He told his partner that the guy had gone over to the house and got drunk. So he said we'd go over there."

When they got to the house across the road, Baker said first "the little fellow" and then "the big fat man" shot him.

Still Seeking Dowling.

Police are still searching for Elmer J. Dowling, secretary-treasurer of the bartenders' union, whom they want to question.

Dowling failed to appear in Police Court yesterday to answer 20 charges of traffic law violation and, by default, was fined \$360 and sentenced to 30 days in the workhouse.

Dowling was arrested Sept. 16 after a five-mile chase by policemen who started to arrest him originally for passing an automatic traffic signal. The other 19 offenses occurred as he tried to elude the officers.

Otis Gordon, Negro, one of the witnesses against Londa now receiving police protection, spent several hours yesterday, at his own request, in a detention room at Police Headquarters. The owner of a shoe repair shop at 1106 Whittier street, where Gordon was employed, had discharged him because he feared gang reprisals, but Chief of Detectives Carroll persuaded Gordon's employer to give the job

back to him and he went to work under police guard.

E. St. Louis Police Ordered to Arrest Gangsters on Sight.

East St. Louis police were ordered today to arrest known gangsters on sight. The following statement, signed by Police Commissioner A. P. Lanman and Chief of Police M. J. O'Rourke, was posted in police headquarters:

"About five years ago, when Commissioner A. P. Lanman took over the police department, the first order he issued was to arrest all

known gangsters. This is to remind you that this order is still in effect.

"I suppose most of you men have read in the papers of recent date whereby the Governor of the State of Missouri, the Honorable Lloyd C. Stark, has declared war of extermination on known murderers, gunmen, gangsters and all their combinations in the State of Missouri. Knowing from past experience that when the heat is on these thugs might try to make a haven of our city, I will expect all officers of this

department to arrest on sight any and all known thugs."

TURKEY HUNT RIGHT AT HOME

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., Nov. 22.—Timid Oklahoma City folk—the kind who never venture out into the

wilds—will have an opportunity for bagging a Thanksgiving turkey.

A rancher driving through town

had an accident. Some 70 birds

escaped from the flock. Only 20

were recovered.

CASHIN ON YOUR OLD GOLD

Hess & Fullerton

OLIVE AT NINTH

The First Thanksgiving

Alice Williams Brewster

Heap high the board with plenteous cheer, and gather to the feast,

Toasting the sturdy Pilgrim band whose courage never ceased.

Give praise to that All-Gracious One by whom their steps were lead,

And thanks unto the harvest Lord who sends our daily "bread".



Housewives! A Good Point to Consider—

YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER WILL COST LESS AT THE FORUM

Than At Home!

Yes, At Forum's Low Prices, It's Just Like Getting Your Cooking Done Free — With A Full, Free Day of Leisure!

Of course, we readily admit that we can't beat that fine, old American tradition of a home-cooked Thanksgiving dinner. But, we can give you a full day out of your kitchen to spend with the family. And we can actually serve your Thanksgiving dinner for less than you can cook it at home.

So, it's no wonder hundreds of housewives say: "Thanks for Thanksgiving dinner, where I don't have to spend all day cooking it. Let's go to the big game, or take a long drive with the family. Let's go to the Forum!"

Most housewives agree they can't even buy the food for Thanksgiving dinner for less than \$5.

So, regardless of how big your family is, you can all enjoy a real Forum dinner and get a lot of change back out of \$5! Just compare these reasonable prices on the turkey and all the fixin's. Bring the family and come on down!

CONTINUOUS SERVICE: We'll be ready any time you're ready, from 10:30 a.m. to 9 p.m.

LET'S COMPARE
FORUM'S THANKSGIVING SPECIALS
AGAINST HOME COSTS

THURSDAY NOON AND EVENING

Roast Young

TURKEY - 25c

with Dressing and Gravy, Special

OTHER THANKSGIVING DAY SUGGESTIONS

Cream of Oyster Soup	— 10c
Carrot Slaw	— 6c
Shrimp or Oyster Cocktail	13c
Fruit Cocktail	— 8c
Stewed Chicken and Noodles	— 24c
Fried Whiting, Tartar Sauce	— 16c
Chow Mein & Noodles	— 18c
Roast Prime Ribs of Beef	— 23c
Boiled Ham & Lima Beans	— 18c

FRIDAY NOON SPECIALS

Fried Whiting, Tartar Sauce

Baked Individual Chicken Pie

— 16c

FRIDAY EVENING SPECIALS

Fried Whiting, Tartar Sauce

Cubed Steak, Chicken Fried

— 22c



The FORUM
CAFETERIA • 307 N. 7TH



NG

RACE TRACK MAN TESTIFIES
IN SUIT OVER \$600,000 WILL

Says Will of Former Flordore Girl
Left Most of Estate to
His Wife,
By the Associated Press.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 22.—Joseph E. Boyle of Baltimore, manager of the Bowes and Marlboro race tracks, testified in Protrative Court yesterday that the only will he found in the "little black bag" owned by the late Mrs. Matilda A. Bryan was the one which bequeathed most of her \$500,000 estate to his wife.

Mrs. Bryan, a resident of Atlantic City and one of the original "Flordore" girls, died in Miami, Fla., last June. She had a one-third interest in the Bowes, Marlboro and Thoroughbred race tracks. The will leaving most of her estate to Mrs. Helen A. Boyle, a niece, was drawn in 1934, but 14 other relatives say she drew another in 1937 dividing her estate equally between them.

These other relatives produced witnesses who testified Mrs. Bryan kept all her valuable papers in a little black bag and that Mrs. Boyle took this bag from her aunt's bedroom while the latter was dying. The 1937 will disappeared, relatives claimed.

\$7.90

Round Trip

WABASH

CHAIR CAR

EXCURSIONS

TO

CHICAGO

November 28 and 29

Return Limit 8 Days

Wabash Trains Leave St. Louis
"Banner Blue" — — — 12:00 Noon
"Blue Bird" — — — 4:25 PM
"Midnight Limited" — — — 11:15 PM

Trains leave Delmar Station 14 minutes after leaving Union Sta.

Wabash Trains Leave Chicago
11:35 am, 4:30 pm, 11:50 pmTicket Office:
Delmar Locomotives, Delmar
Station, 5001 Delmar Boulevard
and Union Station

Phone Chestnut 4700

YOU DON'T HAVE
TO BE RICH

To Have
A Lovely
Complexion

Expensive beauty-salon treatments can hardly do more for your skin than the regular use of Cuticura. Cuticura Ointment relieves and promotes healing of externally caused pimples and blackheads. Cuticura Soap deep-cleanses pores and helps refine skin texture. Start using Cuticura today—and watch complexion dreams come true! Soap and Ointment, each 25¢ at your druggist. Buy today! For FREE sample, write Cuticura, Dept. 94, Malden, Mass.

CUTICURA SOAP DINTMENT

YOUR CAR
deserves this 5-way
PROTECTION

against:

- ★ FREEZING
- ★ CORROSION
- ★ MOST-CLOGGED RADIATOR
- ★ OVER-HEATING OF ENGINE
- ★ EXCESSIVE EVAPORATION

While Five Star is not offered as a permanent anti-freeze, its unique protective features make it one that will render long and efficient service.

Only
\$1
a gallon

DUPONT
FIVE STAR
ANTI-FREEZE

TESTIFIES REDS HOLD AMERICANS IN JAIL IN SPAIN

Sam Baron, Socialist Writer
Tells Dies Committee
Only Way to Aid Them
Is by Publicity.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—House investigators received testimony today that Communists were holding Americans in jail in loyalist Spain.

Sam Baron of New York, testifying before the Dies committee investigating un-American activities, said the only way to get them out was through publicity.

"If there is enough publicity we will be in a position to remedy the situation," he said.

Baron said he had been arrested and been held in a dungeon in Spain.

On two occasions, he testified, he went to loyalist Spain as a correspondent for the Socialist Call, which he said was an organ of the Socialist party in this country.

Tellers of Secret Jails.

He said Communists, after extending aid to the loyalist cause, had set up a reign of terror to wipe out opposition to Communism. He asserted they had established a secret jail in the monastery of Santa Ursula near Valencia, another in Barcelona and others in various parts of the country.

Baron said that Communists "controlled the International Brigade from top to bottom." The Abraham Lincoln Battalion, he testified, is part of the brigade.

The witness expressed the opinion the State Department had many letters and reports from Spain substantiating his testimony.

"It is true," he asserted, "that Communists have enlisted men for the International Brigade. I do not criticize them for it. I believe the cause is just and worth while."

"What I criticize is what they did to these boys when they got on the other side. They took away their passports, presumably to keep them safe, but actually to prevent any anti-Stalinist from getting out of Spain. If they came back and told what they had seen, it would have reflected on the Communists."

Norman Thomas' Message.

At the outset of today's hearing, a telegram from Norman Thomas, national chairman of the Socialist party, was read into the record at Baron's request.

It said:

"Sam Baron's appearance before you is completely repudiated by Socialist party. Ill health may lead him to distort and exaggerate stories of Spanish situation. We are concerned for preservation of civil liberties everywhere but we believe Spaniards are today struggling for them far better than your committee and we again renew support to heroic Spanish struggle against Fascism."

Baron's Reply to Thomas.

Baron praised Thomas as one of the greatest living Americans and went on to say that he, Baron, had attended a meeting of the Socialist party executive committee in Boston last month and been appointed a member of an important committee.

At that time the Socialist party didn't think my illness impaired my judgment," Baron said.

"As to distorting and exaggerating—when I returned from Spain in December, 1937, the National Executive Committee adopted a report that said in its entirety the same thing I am saying here."

"What I have had to say on Spain the Socialist party has long ago accepted as fact."

Inquiry End in Sight.

Chairman Dies announced today the committee would end its investigation Dec. 16 unless the 1939 House gave it a new lease of life.

Promises to send subcommittees to the south and California have been abandoned, Dies said, because of a shortage of time.

A subcommittee will go to Cleveland, however, for hearings Friday and Saturday on complaints of subversive activities in the public school system.

The committee was established for the duration of the present Congress, but Dies said the incoming House would authorize funds to continue the inquiry.

Hearings will be adjourned at the close of this week until Dec. 1, when rebuttal witnesses will be offered opportunity to deny any allegations made in previous testimony.

Leaders of patriotic, civic and fraternal organizations have been invited to testify starting Dec. 5.

Baron, who said he was a former alternate member of the executive committee of the Socialist Party of America, declared he resigned from the party so that he might testify as an individual. He read his letter of resignation which said: "I am a Socialist and will remain a Socialist, but I can never rest in peace if I miss this opportunity to expose the murderous role played by the Communists in Spain."

Martin Threatened With Arrest, Agreed to Testify.

DETROIT, Nov. 22.—A United Automobile Workers Union spokesman said today that Homer Martin, UAW president, had agreed under threat of arrest to testify at Washington Dec. 1 before the House committee investigating un-American activities.

Chairman Dies warned Martin by telephone yesterday, the spokes-

ANTI-HAZZ MASS MEETING ENGINEER DIES AT THROTTLE OF SPEEDING WABASH TRAIN

Protest Gathering Friday Night at Sheldon Memorial.

The American League for Peace and Democracy will hold a mass meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Sheldon Memorial, 604 Washington boulevard, to protest against anti-Semitic activities of Nazis in Germany.

Speakers will include the Rev. Truman E. Douglass, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational Church; Sidney Redmond, representative of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and the Rev. Charles C. Wilson, pastor of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, who will act as chairman.

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Take Calotabs
to Help Nature
Throw off Colds

Millions have found in Calotabs the most relief in the treatment of colds. They have one or two tablets the first night and three or four the next night if needed.

Now do Calotabs help Nature throw off the colds? It does! It removes the intestinal grippe, thus cleansing the intestinal tract of any virus-laden mucus that may be present. It removes the cold poisons from the blood. Thus Calotabs serve the double purpose of a cold remedy and a bowel purifier.

Calotabs are quite economical: only twenty-five cents for the family package, ten cents for the trial package. (247.)

saw Kincaid stomp in his seat after sounding the whistle for a crossing, stopped the train and backed it to the Ferguson station, where the engineer was pronounced dead by a physician.

Leary, a qualified engineer, brought the train to Union Station, where it arrived 14 minutes late.

Kincaid, 65 years old, had been an engineer for the railroad since 1902. He resided at Moberly, Mo., where Leary also lives.

In miserable head colds, mucous membrane of nose and throat is irritated—air passages become smaller—it's hard to breathe.

Put two drops Penetro Nose Drops in each nostril—feel the difference. That's because the astringent-like action of the ephedrine and essential oils shrinks and cools swollen membranes, eases irritation and discomfort—you have more room to breathe—every breath brings a feeling of relief. Keep Penetro Nose Drops handy to relieve head cold discomfort of both children and adults. Be sure to always ask for quick-acting Penetro Nose Drops—you'll like their "2-drop cold relief" feature. At druggists.

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VATS SURE
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1/2 CASE FREE! You take no risk when you buy GAST Golden Lager. For each case carries the following **Guarantee:** Drink 12 full bottles, or serve them to your friends. If you do not all agree that GAST Golden Lager is one of the finest beers you have ever tasted, return the 12 empties and the 12 full bottles to your dealer and he will refund the full purchase price.

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VALLEY MEET
VOTES OPPOSE
TO WAGNER

Resolutions Also
Opposing Licen
Industry and Re
Rail Legislation.

LACHLAN MACL
ELECTED PRES
Association Favor
Permitting Rail
Work Out Prog
Consolidation.

Resolutions opposing the Labor Relations Act, the
of industry and restrictive
legislation were adopted
at the closing session of
tenth annual convention of
Mississippi Valley Association
Stater.

In its criticism of the
Act the association stat
deplored "any administrative
procedure which gives to a
of the Government the
one and the same time, to
investigator, prosecutor
in matters involving the
of employees and
Delegates from 24 states
in the resolution unanimous.

Before the association
session began, United States
Edward R. Burke of
the principal speaker ya
clarified it had become
that the Wagner Act
amended to take down
between well-intentioned
and labor and to remove
powers of the board."

Leslie Macleay New
executive vice-president
association since 1931, w
president at a meeting of
of directors last night
eased former Gov.
Weaver of Nebraska,
president for the last
Weaver was elected chair
the board at the member

Senator Burke, in dis
Wagner Act, said he ha
investigation of labor in
Great Britain, independent
President's commission, an
had been much impressed
friendly spirit existing be
bor and management the
trust, he said, statistics
International Labor Office
revealed that the United
year led all nations in t
of labor disputes.

"The act was designed

SMART CHOICE

"YOU CAN'T DO BETTER THAN TO CHOOSE HYDE PARK"

IT'S TRUE LAGER

HYDE PARK BREWERY, ST. LOUIS

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ECZEM

Doctor's Formula Great

If face, legs, arms or han
red with red, scaly Ecze

speedy relief from the te

and burning—use sooth

STRENGTH Zemo. The

prescription brings qu

from even intense itch

it contains 10 differen

active medicin

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plump acne, eczema

worm symptoms and sim

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les, invisible. One trial

All drug stores.

Zem

YOUR WILL-POWER ... THE MODERN HAZARD TO YOUR NERVES

BEAGLE HOUND

English fox-hound in miniature. Solid and big for his inches, true beagle has the long-wearing look of the hound that can last in the chase. One of the oldest breeds in history—close to the original breed of hounds. U. S. standards specify 15 inches maximum height—any true hound color acceptable.



HE'S GIVING HIS
NERVES A REST....

AND SO IS HE

THEY'VE LEARNED—MILLIONS

HAVE—TO GIVE NERVES RELIEF... THEY

"Let up—light up a Camel!"

In the heart of the Congo, Leila Denis (right) and her explorer husband filmed Universal Pictures' epic, "Dark Rapture." Camels were an important item in Mrs. Denis' 45,000-mile trek. She says: "Such ventures can be quite nerve straining, but it's my rule to pause frequently. I let up and light up a Camel. Camels are so mild, so soothing."

PICTURES BY UNIVERSAL PICTURES

VALLEY MEETING VOTES OPPOSITION TO WAGNER ACT

Resolutions Also Adopted Opposing Licensing of Industry and Restrictive Rail Legislation.

LACHLAN MACLEAY ELECTED PRESIDENT

Association Favors Law Permitting Railroads to Work Out Program of Consolidation.

Resolutions opposing the Wagner Labor Relations Act, the licensing of industry and restrictive railroad legislation were adopted yesterday at the closing session of the twentieth annual convention of the Mississippi Valley Association at Hotel Statler.

In its criticism of the Wagner Act the association stated that it deplored "any administrative procedure which gives to any agency of the Government the power, at one and the same time, to act as investigator, prosecutor, and judge in matters involving the relations of employees and employers." Delegates from 24 states represented in the organization adopted the resolution unanimously.

Before the association's business session began, United States Senator Edward R. Burke of Nebraska, the principal speaker yesterday, declared it had become "crystal clear that the Wagner Act must be amended to take down the barrier between well-intentioned employers and labor and to remove excessive powers of the board."

Lachlan Macleay New President. Lachlan Macleay of St. Louis, executive vice-president of the association since 1931, was elected president at a meeting of the board of directors last night. He succeeded former Gov. Arthur J. Weaver of Nebraska, association president for the last two years. Weaver was elected chairman of the board at the membership meeting.

Senator Burke, in discussing the Wagner Act, said he had made an investigation of labor relations in Great Britain, independent of the President's commission, and that he had been much impressed by the friendly spirit existing between labor and management there. In contrast, he said, statistics at the International Labor Office at Geneva revealed that the United States last year led all nations in the number of labor disputes.

The act was designed to diminish

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Aged for Months



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"EXTRA-STRONG" REAL Help for Distress of

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Doctor's Formula Great Success! If face, legs, arms or hands are covered with red, scaly Eczema — for speedy relief from the terrible itching and burning — use powerfully soothng liquid EXTRASTRENGTH Zemo. This famous prescription brings quick relief from even intense itching because it contains 10 different, speedy acting, effective medicants long valued for aiding the healing of pimples, acne, eczema and ringworm symptoms and similar annoying surface skin irritations. Stains, invisible. One trial convinces! All drug stores.

ZEMO

Head of Valley Group



APPEAL TO WALLACE IN STOCKYARDS STRIKE

Commission Men at Chicago Ask Him to Try to Settle Dispute.

By the Associated Press
CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Secretary of Agriculture Wallace was urged today to attempt to settle a strike that has halted trading at the huge stockyards.

Directors of the Chicago Stock Exchange, made up of commission men who buy and sell meat animals at the world's greatest market, sent a telegram to Wallace, warning him that the industry would suffer great losses unless the dispute ended quickly.

"We fail," the appeal set forth, "that you could and would, by using your great influence with the President of the United States or the Secretary of Labor, bring about an immediate conclusion of this unhappy situation." They urged him, in behalf of producers and shippers, to act "with the least possible delay."

The Exchange spokesman announced the CIO union sponsoring the strike had agreed to permit the commission men to feed and water

stock in the pens today and tomorrow provided no effort was made to sell the animals.

The market was virtually paralyzed on the third day of the strike. Today's receipts of 8000 head were either direct to packers or for the International Livestock Exposition opening Saturday in the amphitheater at the stockyards. Private handlers and show retailers were handling the exhibition animals.

President Benjamin Brown of the CIO union said attempts to move meat animals through the stockyards before settlement of the dispute would be countered with a strike call to 20,000 packing house workers. Brown said such a strike would cripple 80 per cent of the packing plants' activities.

At present the dispute involves about 875 stock handlers and the Union Stockyard & Transit Co. The concern manages the stockyards which serve as a market independent of the packing plants. Handlers unload and feed livestock in the pens and drive the animals to the slaughter houses.

Approximately 60,000 head of cattle, hogs and sheep stranded by the strike were moved through the yards yesterday by commission men before expiration of a truce. The CIO handlers have barred further operations pending settlement of the dispute.

The union's demands involve a basic wage, vacations with pay, overtime pay and a written contract.

HEARING ON RIVER CUT-OFF JURY Voids 90-DAY SENTENCE ON DRUNKEN DRIVING CHARGE

Channel Change at New Madrid

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 28.—A proposal to make a cut-off in the Mississippi River at the New Madrid (Mo.) bend will be discussed at a meeting of the United States Engineers' Board here Nov. 29.

The proposed cut-off, named Slough Neck, is where the Mississippi leaves broke in 1937. Proponents of the move contend the cut-off should be made as a flood protective measure while opponents insist it would hamper navigation. The board will consider the improvements of a nine-foot channel between Alton, Ill., and Memphis.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

without lights was increased to \$10. Fisher, who lives at 110 West Monroe Avenue, Kirkwood, was pursued by two motorists Sept. 21. They testified they held him until police arrived after his automobile apparently missed striking theirs on Watson road.

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with a Golub Select
HALF SOLES for
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GOOD ONLY WITH THIS AD*

FULL SOLES
and HEELS \$149c

A. GOLUB

To You Who Have Made CHEVROLET THE LEADER We Extend Our Heartiest Thanks



And we also thank you for the record reception you are giving to the new Chevrolet for 1939, which plainly indicates that once again "Chevrolet's The Choice!"

Thanks to you, the motor car buyers of the nation, Chevrolet has again won first place in passenger car and truck sales in the year 1938 to date. This is the seventh time in the last eight years that Chevrolet has won leadership in motor car sales, and this definite preference for Chevrolet and its products is greatly appreciated by both Chevrolet and its dealers.

Thanks to you, also, the new Chevrolet for 1939 is now winning the largest public acceptance ever given to any new Chevrolet, making it plain that "Chevrolet's The Choice" again for the forthcoming year.

Chevrolet always endeavors to bring you the highest quality motor car it is possible to build, and to price Chevrolet motor cars so low that they will be the nation's greatest dollar value. Naturally, it is pleasant to have you tell us we have succeeded, by giving such wholehearted preference to these products year after year.

May we take this opportunity to thank you again most sincerely for your preference and good will. And may we also renew our pledge to do everything possible to deserve your continued friendship in the future.

CHEVROLET

Your Local Chevrolet Dealer

GREEN ON LABOR'S ATTITUDE TOWARD PROFIT-SHARING

Opposed, Unless It Is Linked With Collective Bargaining, A. F. of L. Head Tells Senators.

UNIONIZING CHIEF NEED, HE DECLARES

H. B. Spalding Says Manufacturers' Association Committee Condemns Incentive Tax.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—William Green told a Senate Committee today that labor cannot accept industrial profit-sharing unless it comes hand in hand with collective bargaining.

Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, said his organization was "unalterably opposed" to using the taxing power of the Government to promote profit-sharing plans.

He added that it also was opposed to amending the Social Security act to give tax credit for funds allocated to profit-sharing.

Testifying before a special Senate Committee composed of Senators Herring (Dem.), Iowa, and Vandenberg (Rep.), Michigan, Green asserted that labor had no quarrel with the principles involved in profit-sharing but did not favor methods used in the past in developing such plans.

Organization Needed.

Commenting on assertions that profit-sharing was instrumental in causing peaceful labor relations in many instances, Green observed: "What is needed in this situation is genuine organization of workers in unions so that they may have an agency for collecting and collating the facts of the work relationships and of the results of joint and individual work, for the purpose of joint discussion with management to define the principles and standards of compensation for work."

"Asserting that 'labor cannot be asked to accept blindly management's decision on what constitutes profit,' Green outlined six points which he said should be taken into consideration in any co-operative effort to determine true profits. These were:

"1—Production and costs records must be equally available to union and management.

"2—Sales policies must be considered by both parties and be mutually acceptable.

"3—Salaries of executives and officers and returns to investors must be subject to the same conditions.

"4—Financial policies and proposals must be subjected to the same review and decision.

"5—The standard wages of producing workers, which are production charges, should be fixed by collective bargaining at the highest level industry could reasonably be expected to pay and should provide for customary standards of living proportionate to productivity as human labor power is increased by mechanical power and machine tools, and reflecting lower unit production costs.

"6—Profit-sharing or a partnership wage is the share which labor would have in the net income of the enterprise. In reality, labor is a partner in production, not for the investment of capital, but from the investment of experience and work ability. As a partner labor would have a voice in determining rates of profit-sharing."

Real Partnership.

Green said recognition of "real partnership" would be the greatest incentive, to sustained efficiency in work that industry could devise.

"Investors have always claimed that profits belonged exclusively to them because they alone bore the risk of industry," Green testified. "But we well know the risk of business is borne by every person dependent upon it for jobs and income. The risk of wage earners is no less frightening and hazardous than that of investors—food, clothing and shelter are at stake."

Green cited figures of the National Industrial Conference Board, showing that 98 profit-sharing plans had been abandoned in the country in 1937. He said higher wages, shorter hours and other benefits replaced profit-sharing in 24 per cent of these instances.

Green diverged to criticize what he said was the high cost of administering the Social Security Act. Then, after concluding his prepared statement, he said there was one point which he wished to emphasize.

"We believe," Green said, "that the first obligation of industry is to provide for the payment of a wage and to establish wages and working standards through collective bargaining, and that the wages established and the standards agreed upon shall provide an income to the worker that assures a decent standard of living and comfort."

"There should be no profit-sharing until that definite standard wage has been established and paid. After that has been done then, if the earnings of the industry will justify an equitable distribution of profits among management and employees, then let it be done, in

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DANZIG PATTERNS ANTI-JEWISH EDICT AFTER HITLER'S LAW

"Purity of Blood" Decree Bars Race From Public Office, Forbids Use of Flag.

By the Associated Press.

DANZIG, Nov. 23.—The Nazi principle of "purity of blood" was applied to the Free City of Danzig today with the publication of a decree patterned after Adolf Hitler's Nuremberg racial laws of 1935.

The Government announcement said the decree was necessary to "eliminate Jewish influence and maintain the purity of German and kindred blood."

The Danzig political administration, the announcement said, "has only fulfilled the natural demand of the people of Danzig to establish legal unity with the German Motherland on the basis of the National Socialist 'Weltanschauung' (World Outlook)."

Of the 870 Jews residing in Danzig, 577 are affected by today's racial legislation. Information at the United States Consulate and police headquarters showed there was no American Jew among the 6240 foreign Jews here, of whom 60 per cent, or 3744, of the total are Polish citizens. They and 2030 Danzig Jews are affected by the decrees. The 2496 others of other nationalities—primarily Lithuanian, Latvian, and Russian—may continue business.

(Danzig, a Baltic port, and its surrounding territory were established as a free city Nov. 5, 1920, under the terms of the Versailles Treaty. It was formerly part of Germany. It remains entirely German in character but is within the Polish customs administration. Government administration rests with the President of the Senate. The Parliament is controlled by Nazis who agitate for Danzig's return to Germany. A High Commissioner is appointed by the League of Nations.)

full co-operation with the employer."

He said profit-sharing had created suspicion "because the workers know nothing of its basic." What was needed, he said, was "frankness and open dealing."

Manufacturers' Witness.

Another witness, H. Boardman Spalding, chairman of the National Association of Manufacturers' Taxation Committee, testified that the association's Executive Committee had condemned so-called incentive plans.

"We are opposed," the Executive Committee said in a resolution read by Spalding, "to the proposal that any special tax relief or incentive be granted to companies having regularized employment, except as they may exist under state unemployment compensation laws. Any such tax law would tend to subsidize employers who find it economically feasible to regularize production and employment at the expense of those who are unable to do so."

Vandenberg said this viewpoint coincided with that of thousands of employers over the country who had expressed interest in the proposal that some form of tax subsidy be used to regularize employment.

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MAIL SCHOOL PROMISED REFUNDS, JURY IS TOLD

Witnesses Say They Were to Regain Money If They Did Not Get Jobs.

Additional Government witnesses testified today at the mail fraud trial of Clarence de Montreville and 11 co-defendants that salesmen for de Montreville's correspondence school, the Public Service Institute, told them that the money they had for courses in preparation for Civil Service positions would be refunded if they failed to get Government work within a year.

The trial, before a jury in the court of United States District Judge George H. Moore, was adjourned at the luncheon recess until Monday morning.

The witnesses, Howard C. Stewart of Covington, Ill., a farmer, and Miss Helen B. Martin of Pittsburgh, Pa., said the salesmen assured them that the course offered by the school would enable them to pass Civil Service examinations.

Stewart testified he did not get a position within a year after taking the course and the school refused to refund his money.

Testimony was given yesterday that Miss Frances M. Grell, sister-in-law of de Montreville, "encouraged" a student by telling him the school had just placed two other pupils in \$400-a-year Government jobs.

The witness, Alois Voelkerding, pulpwood cutter of Marthasville, Mo., said that when he visited the office of the institute at 425 De Baliviere avenue in January, 1937, Miss Grell, whom he knew as "head of the coaching staff," assured him his progress in the course was quite satisfactory.

"She talked like a good coach," Voelkerding said. "She gave me a lot of encouragement when she said they had put two students in \$400 Government jobs the week before."

The witness said he enrolled in the school when a man who said he was E. Miller, a field advisor for the institute, suggested he prepare himself for a civil service job on "lowland farms" which he said the Government was planning to open near Marthasville. Voelkerding dropped the course of learning the Government had barred the school's material from the mail, he said.

Another former student, Fred J. Katlik of Baltimore, testified he

had condemned so-called incentive plans.

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in earthquake at a strip
near here yesterday.

RIDGE GRILL
entertainment
Nightly
THANKSGIVING DINNER
in Marine \$1.00
and Grill —
m. to Closing Time
RESERVATIONS—CL. 7900
New Management

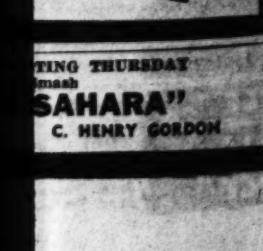
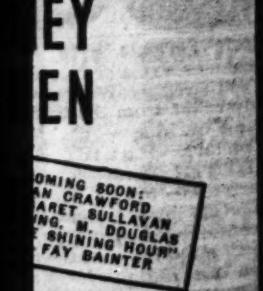
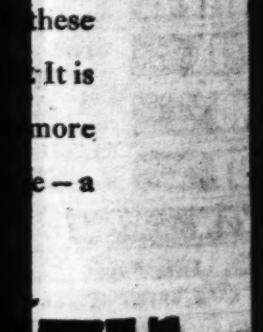
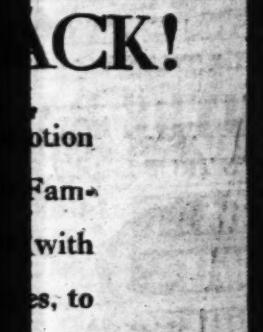
Time Table

ADOR — "If I Were Starring Ronald Colman with Frances Dee and Rathbone, at 12:04, 3:04, 9:10; "Swing That" featuring Tom Brown, 10:40, 10:52; "Brother Rat," featuring Jim Lane and Wayne, at 12, 3:20, 6:40 and "The Storm," with Charles Card, Tom Brown and Grey, at 2:02, 5:22 and 10:45.

"The Young in Love" starring Janet Gaynor, Douglas Fairbanks Jr., Paulette Goddard, at 1:53, 4:35, 7:17 and 9:59; "Little Adventures," with Fellows and Cliff Edwards, at 10:07, 12:40, 3:31, 6:13.

"Men With Wings," with Fred MacMurray, Linda and Louise Campbell, at 12, 3:10, 6:25 and 9:40; "De Luxe," starring James Bennett with Vincent, at 1:45, 5 and 8:15; "IS — Girls on Probation," featuring Jane Bryan, Ronald Reagan, at 1, 4:05, and 10:24; "Personal Secretary," with William Gargan by Hodges, at 3:05, 6:13.

Holiday Show
THE FAMILY!



LAST DAY

SAHARA"
C. HENRY GORDON

LAST DAY

LOWELL
EDW. G. ROBINSON, CLAIRE TREVOR, AMAZING DR.

CLATTERHOUSE, **WHITE WAY**, **POWHATAN**

BRIDGE
John Parker, Eric Linden, **ROBERT**, **THE MARINES ARE HERE!**, **25** **FATIGUE**

LAST DAY

CIRCLE
150 & 150

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FRIEND OF WIDOW DETAINED AFTER CHEMIST'S DEATH

Man Held as Material Witness in Case of Wife Who Says She Helped Husband End Life.

SHE IS ACCUSED OF MANSLAUGHTER

Mrs. Eugene Burckhalter's Cool Demeanor Breaks on Arraignment at White Plains, N. Y.

By the Associated Press
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 23.—A tentative verdict of suicide in the automobile gas death of Eugene Y. Burckhalter, 47 years old, in which his wife is accused of aiding, was withdrawn last night by authorities.

Meinert Kittel, 34, salesman, who was her friend of long standing, was arrested and held in \$3,000 bail as a material witness.

Assistant Prosecutor E. T. Gallagher described Kittel as having been very friendly with Mrs. Burckhalter, 44, for some years, both here and in California, and said that in recent weeks they had appeared together at wrestling matches, night clubs and theaters. She insisted, Gallagher said, that their relations were platonic.

"Case Is Wide Open."

"This case is wide open," said Gallagher after the widow was formally charged with first degree manslaughter and held in \$10,000 bail. Aiding a suicide constitutes manslaughter under New York law.

Dr. Amos O. Squire, Westchester County Medical Examiner, said that the case was carried on his records as death by carbon monoxide poisoning and that any reference to suicide would be left to the filing of a supplementary death certificate.

Cremation of the body, which Gallagher said was ordered by the widow to be done as quickly as possible and without publicity, after the body was found in the Burckhalter garage last Saturday, was delayed for or five hours yesterday while the vital organs were taken for analysis.

Drug Found in Body.

Dr. Squire said they showed about 39 per cent carbon monoxide in the blood and some alcohol; indications of intemperance as shown by an oversize liver; various other serious ailments and the presence of a hypnotic drug that induces sleep.

The widow did not attend the funeral, saying: "We never believed in funerals." She indicated she would have the ashes scattered from the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco, as were the ashes of her father who died there a year ago.

Mrs. Burckhalter was subjected to prolonged questioning and Gallagher expressed doubt as to some of the details in the story she told of helping her husband rig up a vacuum cleaner hose to the exhaust of a car in their garage, to make a lethal chamber of the interior.

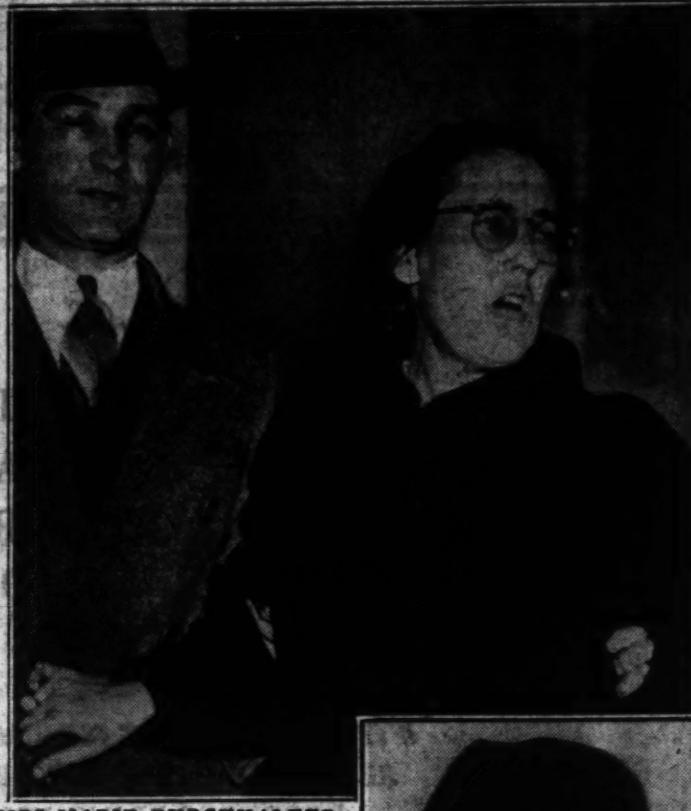
Psychiatric Examination.

Psychiatric examination, a routine procedure, would be ordered for Mrs. Burckhalter, Gallagher said.

Police are in possession of a glass from which she said she served Burckhalter an eggnog just before he fumblingly pushed the starter of the car to start the flow of exhaust gas.

The prosecutor said she took the

Held in New York Death



WILLKIE ASSERTS TVA, PWA BLOCK UTILITY EXPANSION

Testifies at Inquiry That Threat of Competition Imperils National Defense Program.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Wendell L. Willkie, the utility executive, asserted today the threat of Government competition menaced a utility construction program involving hundreds of millions of dollars. Unless this is removed, the head of Commonwealth & Southern Corporation estimated, utilities will spend less than \$400,000,000 this year on construction and \$500,000,000 in each of the next two years—despite the national defense program for expanded power facilities.

Willkie gave his estimate to the congressional committee investigating the Tennessee Valley Authority.

On Oct. 29 another utility executive, Floyd L. Carlisle of the Consolidated Edison Co., announced that utility executives had agreed on the first step of a power expansion program envisioning the spending of two billion dollars in the next two years. This expansion was to help meet what military experts had described as a possibility of power shortage in event of wartime drain on present facilities.

Willkie described the utility industry as one "which more than any other can stimulate the flow of capital and the re-employment of men."

Says Investors Are Afraid.

Utilities are not spending more, he said, because "the investor is afraid of what the Government intends to do with the utilities. He will remain afraid as long as the basic problem of subsidized Federal competition is unsolved."

He said expansion in the utility industry "would take thousands of men off the relief rolls and add them to payrolls . . . reduce the national tax burden . . . electrify the security markets, give the investor new confidence and promote the life-giving flow of capital to all forms of industrial enterprise."

"It is my personal belief that the TVA should go out of the power business and confine itself to its functions of flood control, navigation and soil conservation."

Willkie also asked the investigating group to submit to the Securities and Exchange Commission a deadlock between his corporation and TVA over sale of private utility properties to TVA.

Witness Defends Propaganda.

Before Willkie testified, another utility leader told the committee that any large industry had a right to keep the public informed of its activities.

Bernard F. Weadock, vice-president of the Edison Electric Institute, made this statement after Francis Biddle, committee counsel, questioned him about "propaganda" in connection with the Utility Trade Association.

Biddle asked the utility leader if the Edison Electric Institute was "spiritual successor" to the old National Electric Light Association, which he asserted dissolved as a result of a Federal Trade Commission investigation disclosing it had many college professors and educators "on the payroll."

Weadock, who said he was managing director of the former association, said it dissolved as "a result of exaggerations rather than facts" and denied that professors were on its payroll. The educators, Weadock asserted, received "compensation for attending technical conventions."

No Aversion to Propaganda.

Biddle asked if the new trade group "dealt with Government ownership from the educational standpoint."

"I object to use of the word educational," Weadock said.

"How about propaganda?" Biddle asked.

"I have no aversion to propaganda as such," Weadock replied. "Any industry in public service business, such as ours, has a perfect right to inform the public in an open, above-board manner."

Biddle asked if the dissolved Electric Light Association had contributed \$50,000 annually to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Weadock replied in the affirmative and said this was "for a definite technical work."

Biddle then asked Weadock to detail differences between the dissolved Utility Trade Association and the existing Institute.

"We decided to forgo some practices," Weadock answered. "We have no public relations division, no publicity man. The Institute acts along commercial, technical and engineering lines for the industry."

Biddle asked if the Utility Institute maintains an office in Washington. Weadock replied in the negative, but added that A. E. Oliphant was employed here to obtain information on Congress and congressional committees in which utilities were interested.

Under questioning, Weadock said Oliphant shared offices here with the Committee of Utility Executives, but that there was no link between this committee and the institute.

PLASTERING FIRM'S \$1625 SUIT AGAINST CITY HEARD

Motion to Dismiss Action Based on Delay Resulting From Indictments Is Denied.

Hearing of a claim against the City of St. Louis for \$1625, filed by the H. Niehaus Plastering Co., began in United States District Court. Charles B. Davis' court today, after he had overruled the city's motion to dismiss because of lack of jurisdiction.

The city contend the claim could not be heard in Federal Court because the amount sought was less than \$3000. Counsel for the company upheld in its contention that the court had jurisdiction, since the original action also named PWA officials, although the suit had been dismissed as to them. The company, which was one of the group of plastering contractors and union leaders indicted on charges of fraud in connection with plastering at the Municipal Auditorium, was acquitted, based its claim on additional expense caused by delay in completing the plastering of the Civil Courts Building. After being ordered to stop work on Sept. 23, 1936, following its indictment, the company obtained an injunction and resumed work under its contract the following February. In the meantime, it contends, plasterers received wage increases and insurance costs increased.

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CHURCH OF RELIGIOUS SCIENCE

2407 SOUTH GRAND BLVD. LAUREL 2-2025

Rev. Raymond Carey Spaulding Pastor

THURSDAY, 10 A. M.

"THANKSGIVING, A PRAYER OF FAITH"

The Pastor Will Be Assisted by Mrs. Florence Stein and Donald Matthew.

Common Skin RASHES

Apply Resinol ointment to relieve the itching and soothe the angry skin. Simple free. Resinol 27, Balto., Md.

R.E.S.I.N.O.L.

GENE
S
PART TWO

ROBBERS TIE UP S
IN BANK, GET ST

Wait 45 Minutes for Tim
to Open Vault
Angola, Ind.

By the Associated Press.
ANGOLA, Ind., Nov. 23.—A dozen states were on watch for two holdups in the Steuben County State bank yesterday and walked \$10,000. The men went in at close

Store Closed

ALL DAY THURSDAY

In OBSERVANCE OF



THANKSGIVING

Our Annual AFTER-THANKSGIVING APPAREL SALE
and many Christmas Feature Offerings Start Friday

Charge Purchases Starting Friday Payable in January

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Owned by May Dept. Stores Co.

We Give and Reward Eagle Stamps

Our Family's Personal Recipe!

NONE GENUINE
WITHOUT OUR THREE FACES

How's this for a Turkey?

I couldn't lay my hands on a Thanksgiving picture of us, but I figured you wouldn't mind so long as there's a turkey setting on the table. It shows you the big surprise party they gave our family on Grandpa Wilken's birthday in the meeting hall. That's Tim Stiles telling me it's up to me to do a little specifying. The old man in the corner's father was Happy Ben Potter that Potter's Junction was named after. Harry E. Wilken

ON THANKSGIVING

nothing sets off your home cooking so perfect as this tasty Family Recipe of ours!

Well, Thursday will be the big day for home cooking, when everybody in your family will be wishing they had twice as big a stomach! And I just wanted to remind you there's nothing I know of that goes with your family's home recipes like this personal whiskey recipe our family puts up. Remember Grandpa Wilken, Pa Wilken and Tom and William and myself have been in the

whiskey making business the whole of our life—so you might as well get your mouth ready right now for something tastier than you've any idea of. A happy Thanksgiving to all of us Wilkens!

Harry E. Wilken

PINT 98¢ QUART \$1.88

THESE PRICES APPLY IN METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS ONLY

THE WILKEN
BLENDED

FAMILY
WHISKEY

BLENDED WHISKEY—86 PROOF—75% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS

TUNE IN—KSD
KXOK—WORLD
KMOX—MONDAY

Humber, Every Mo

LADIES.

NEW

SA

POSALM IS YOURS
FOR A BETTER
COMPLEXION

Now you can have the benefit of this concentrated, yet gentle ointment to care for your skin. Used for years by many physicians and nurses to relieve the distress of eczema and similar skin irritations, it has been found to be equally valuable for unsightly surface pimples and blotches. You need only try a single box to be convinced, because Posalm works fast, penetrating the outer layers of the skin, soothing and promoting healing. Get a box today from your druggist, only 50¢ and improve your complexion.

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ROBBERS TIE UP SIX
IN BANK, GET \$10,000

Wait 45 minutes for Time Lock
to Open Vault at
Angola, Ind.

By the Associated Press.
ANGOLA, Ind., Nov. 22.—Officers in a dozen states were requested to watch for two holdup men who waited three-quarters of an hour in the Steuben County State Bank here yesterday and walked out with \$10,000. The men went in at closing time, steel safe.

SLIPPERY FIELD WILL HANDICAP BEARS AND BILLIKENS ARMS

ST. LOUIS U. TEAM TO HAVE WEIGHT EDGE

Coach Muellerleile Still Undecided About Starting Quarterback for Game Tomorrow.

By James M. Gould

This is the Tale of Two Teams—the Washington U. Bears and the St. Louis U. Billikens—with special regard to the weights of the elevens which, today, were as ready as ever they will be for the annual Thanksgiving day football classic at Welsh Memorial Stadium tomorrow.

Weights of football teams, as issued by publicity departments in some sections, frequently are erroneous. Teams have played in St. Louis this season which, according to advance information, were of really modest weight—until they arrived on the field.

In the interest of accuracy, therefore, the 11 Bears and 11 Billikens who are scheduled to start the game were weighed by an observer from outside the schools.

And the result? Well, quite surprising. But illuminating, for it showed conclusively that both Washington and St. Louis had kept most accurate poundage all season.

Edge With the Billikens.

The weights of the starters as given in the programs of both universities were averaged and the same was done with the weights obtained in the special individual scaling.

In both cases, the Billikens were, as a team, shown a bit the heavier and the only difference in the two sets of averages was a matter of two-tenths of a pound. Which rates an orchid for the Bear and the Billiken.

For the big game, the Billikens' starting team will have an advantage of 4.7 pounds a man. On the line the advantage is one of 6.8 pounds, in the backfield one pound even. The figures are as follows:

Lines—St. Louis, 187.5; Washington, 180.7; Backfields—St. Louis, 170.5; Washington, 169.5. Teams—St. Louis, 181.3; Washington, 176.8.

To get the weight on the field, add 13 pounds a man for equipment. Also, if Harris starts at quarter for the Billikens, their weight advantage will be about two pounds greater a man.

Last night's snowstorm and the weather expected to follow have changed the outlook entirely. A slippery field will cut down the efficiency of the Washington running attack, expected to be the chief weapon of the Bears and a wet field will make the passing offense of each eleven.

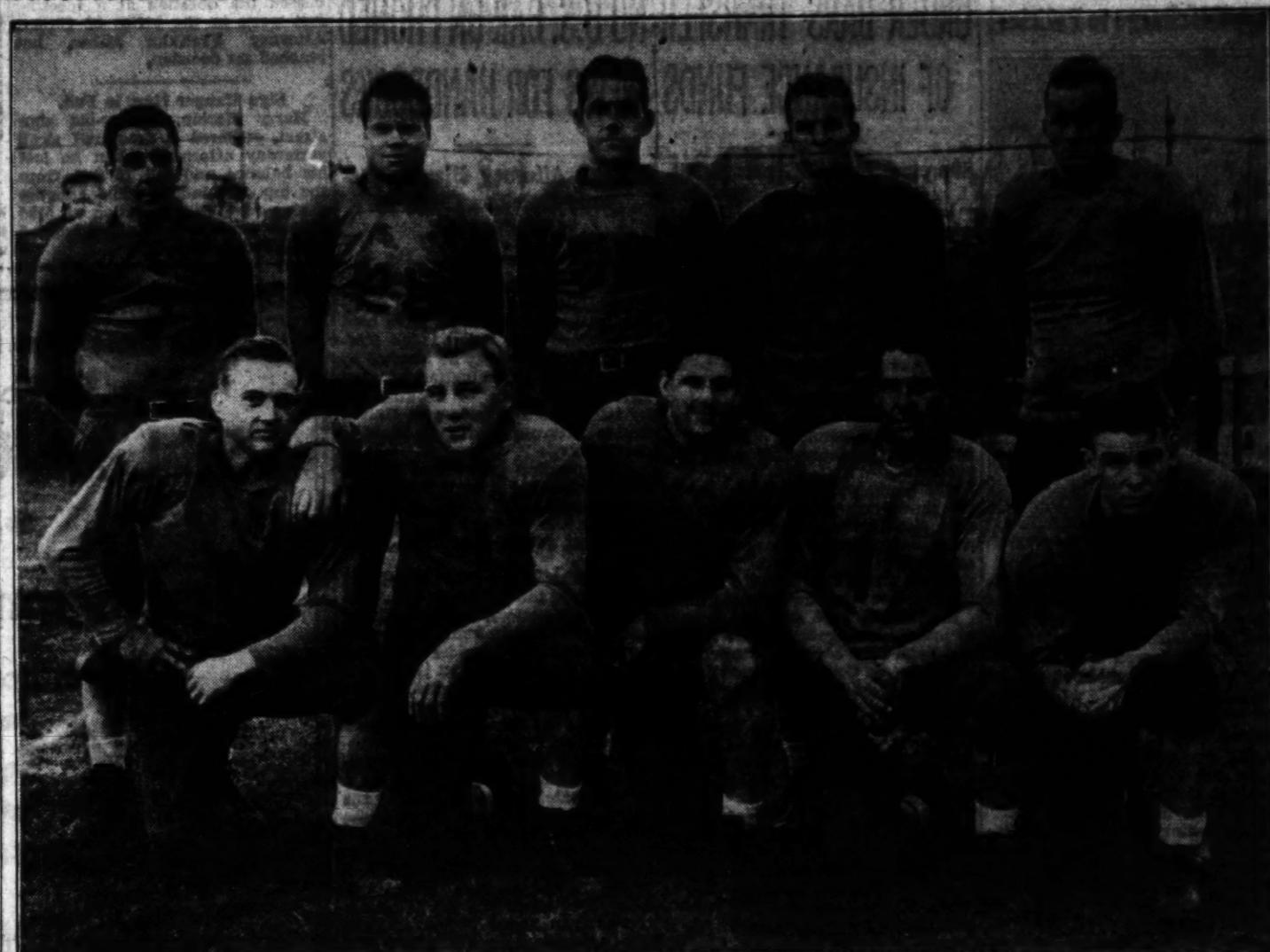
Instead of the edge being with the Bears, therefore, the weather has made the game a much more even battle, with conditions possibly favoring the Billikens, the heavier squad, a bit.

Trying to predict a winner with confidence under present conditions is not merely hazardous; it's impossible.

Harris May Start Game.

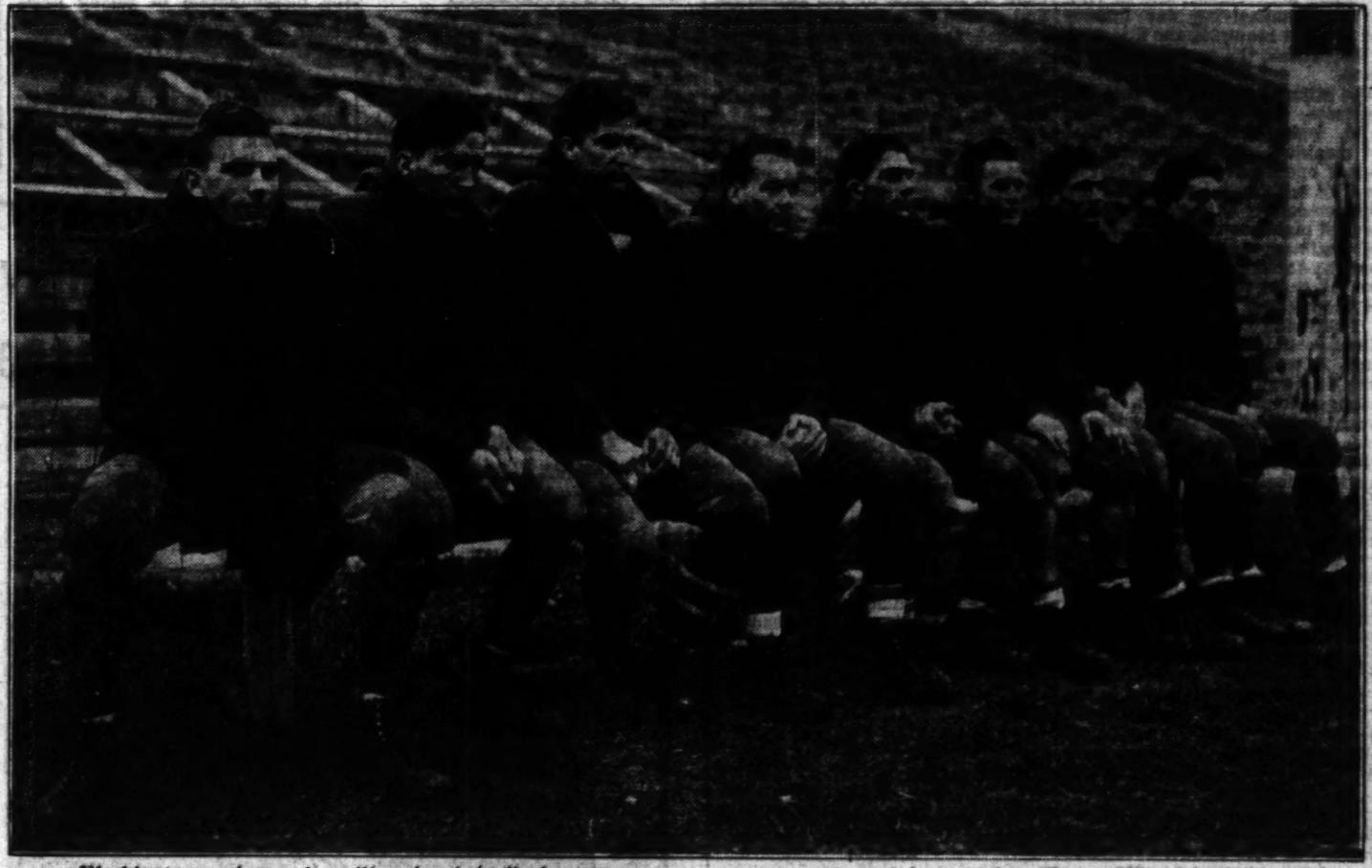
With only light work for both teams yesterday, there was no change in the general player situation except that there was a chance Charley Harris would start at quarterback for St. Louis instead of Veith as announced. Coach Muellerleile said he would not make his final choice until game-time. Bill Cochran definitely will start at tackle and Alex Yokubaitis is named for the fullback job. Washington's

Continued on Page 4, Column 5.



These St. Louis U. football stars will play their final collegiate gridiron game against the Bears tomorrow. They are from left to right: Front row—John Veith, Jack Martin, Charlie Harris, Bill Clark and Frank Gayer. Back row—Mel McGonnigle, Len Gorman, John Hartie, Danny Cochran and Bill Cochran. Players are in practice jerseys in photograph and numbers do not correspond to program numbers.

49 RUNNERS IN CROSS-COUNTRY RACE TOMORROW



Washington seniors, who will make their final appearance tomorrow are, from left to right: Bert Yore, Ferfeyck, Butterly and Cunningham.

Probable Starting Lineups

WASHINGTON	PLAYER	Pos.	ST. LOUIS U.	PLAYER	No. Wt.
180 31	Selbert	L. E.	Gayer	13 177	
185 13	Murphy	L. T.	Baker	16 184	
185 87	Harris	L. G.	Johnson	34 191	
200 35	Klusurich	C.	Gorman	25 203	
186 20	Brew	R. G.	Carlson	45 176	
187 22	Cunningham	R. T.	W. Cochran	10 200	
173 15	Tracy	R. E.	Hagan	45 183	
180 33	Pfeiffer	Q. B.	Veith	2 158	
187 32	Warner	L. H.	D. Cochran	44 178	
183 18	Ferfeyck	R. H.	McGonnigle	7 176	
	Yore	F. B.	Yokubaitis	55 178	

Average weight of lines—St. Louis, 187.5; Washington, 180.7 pounds.

Average weight of backs—St. Louis, 181.5; Washington, 169.5 pounds.

Average weight of teams—St. Louis, 181.3; Washington, 176.8 pounds.

Reserves: Washington—(14) Cory, (16) Harvey, (17) Bednar, (20) Hartie, (21) Mitchell, (23) Jones, (24) Duncan, (26) Butterly, (28) Brinkop, (29) Larmer, (30) Hofeifinger, (31) Rohlfing, (37) Hayes, (38) Nelson, (45) Shukovsky, (56) Sagg, (60) Spafford, (61) Saratowicz, (62) Stevenson, (63) Frost, (64) Root, (65) Vranich, (66) Lauz, (67) Louis—(3) Gross, (4) Battan, (5) Harris, (6) Rensing, (8) Murphy, (11) Burnes, (14) Greenick, (15) Drabille, (17) Clark, (18) Chapman, (19) Section, (21) Martin, (22) Boro, (24) Brooks, (26) McKinley, (27) Kuebler, (28) Lutz, (30) Sodan, (31) Clark, (32) Cleveland, (33) Hay Mills, (36) O'Keefe, (37) Morris, (38) Sodan, (39) Clark, (40) Kuebler, (41) Roosevelt, (42) Roosevelt, (43) Roosevelt, (44) Roosevelt, (45) Roosevelt, (46) Roosevelt, (47) Roosevelt, (48) Roosevelt, (49) Roosevelt, (50) Roosevelt, (51) Roosevelt, (52) Roosevelt, (53) Roosevelt, (54) Roosevelt.

Note: Figures in parentheses indicate number of votes received.

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KENS

ARMSTRONG IS 3-2 FAVORITE OVER GARCIA IN TITLE BOUT

BOTH FIGHTERS IN FINE SHAPE FOR 15-ROUNDER

Experts Having Trouble Picking Winner of Friday Night's Welterweight Scrap.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The little group of serious thinkers that gathers in Mike Jacobs' back parlor each afternoon to swap guesses on the outcome of Friday night's welterweight championship fight between Henry Armstrong and Cefino Garcia is making almost no progress.

The main difficulty seems to be that each is asking the other: "Who do you like?" and invariably is getting the same answer: "I dunno. Who do you like?" There's no variation in the conversation.

A Tough Task.

Communicating with himself, the individual expert stares at the ceiling and mutters: "Wish I could pick the winner of this one. If I must many more the sports editor's liability to start asking questions. Wonder if the boys are doing any business on this one."

By "business," incidentally, he does not mean the ticket sale. It's almost an assured sell-out of over \$100,000. What the sports page swami ponders over is the more delicate type of "business" sometimes indulged in between rival managers.

Fights of champions have, for instance, been known to turn up later with half-shared in new champions, the very one that whipped their former bread-winners. This practice is known in the vernacular as "swapping." Happily, there is no reason to believe that the boys have cooked up anything like that for Friday night, even though it is a fact that Armstrong could lose his welterweight to Garcia and still be champion of all the lightweight weights.

No, the better guess is that Henry and Cefino will be in there fighting both barrels for 15 rounds, or until one of them drops. Both are in the very peak of condition on the part of their trainers, and they look it. Armstrong looks much better than he did before he incurred the back injury that forced postponement of the scrap from its original date of Nov. 2.

For the past week the Negro champion has been boxing without the "iron mask" which was severely cut the night he won the lightweight title from Lou Ambers. He and his manager, Eddie Mead, have patched up a little difference of opinion that they had, and there is an air of confidence and harmony in the Armstrong camp.

As for Garcia, the broad-shouldered Filipino, there apparently never has been the slightest doubt in his mind that he can stop Henry's mad rush. His attitude simply is that a good 145-pounder should whip even an extra good 135-pounder.

Henry is favorite. The bookmakers still are stringing along with the little champion, covering \$2 of Garcia money with \$1 of their own. Garcia's supporters are nibbling away at these odds steadily, however, that they might not be able to get better than even money by ring time.

That leaves only the experts to confess frankly that they haven't the slightest idea what's going to happen. First they lean slightly toward Armstrong, figuring that he will throw it too fast for Garcia, who likes to get set. Then they get to thinking, what if Garcia lands that "bolo" punch of his and knocks Henry's head right off? They get to wondering if there is any "business."

Armstrong 5 to 11, Garcia 9 to 5 in St. John's Odds.

Odds on Friday night's fight in New York between Henry Armstrong and Cefino Garcia were quoted today by Joe St. John, local commissioner, as follows: Armstrong 5 to 11 and Garcia 9 to 5. In other words, a better would have to put \$11 to win \$5 on the champion, and for risking \$5 on the challenger he would win \$9.

NOTRE DAME SQUAD, 36 STRONG, TO START FOR COAST MONDAY

By the Associated Press.
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 23.—Notre Dame's undefeated-united footballers, seeking their ninth straight victory this season, will depart Monday for Los Angeles and the 1938 finale against Southern California Dec. 3.

The Irish entourage of 36 players will stop in Tucson, Ariz., next Wednesday and Thursday for work-outs on the University of Arizona field. They will arrive in Los Angeles Friday night before the game.

Head Coach Elmer Layden has viewed the Trojan game with more apprehension than any other on the Notre Dame schedule. After the Irish beat Northwestern, 9 to 7, last Saturday, Layden said: "They've been getting tougher every week, and this is the toughest yet. I hate to think of the Southern California game."

Laid Up for Six Weeks. Freddie Fludius, Newark, N. J., boxer, underwent hand and nasal operations which laid him up for six weeks.

FAIR WEATHER. Freddie Fludius, Newark, N. J., boxer, underwent hand and nasal operations which laid him up for six weeks.

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Deep End Comes With Rush to Win



Associated Press Wirephoto
Deep End (No. 4) ridden by Ronnie Nash, who made his first appearance at the track, came strong at the finish to nose out Ghost Queen (No. 2) in the fourth race at Bowles yesterday. Slow Motion was third in the six-furlong sprint. Deep End paid \$3.00 for \$2.

CURAY'S COLUMN

You Can't Keep Him Down.

WEN talking about luck and pluck as Horatio Alger success factors, consider the case of Jack Tippett. He has all the pluck but none of the luck.

Jack was a fighter years ago—and a pretty good one. He was good enough to knock out Andy Malloy, the only fighter of record to stay 20 rounds with Jack Dempsey—that was in 1915 when Jack was coming up. Tippett was matched to fight the famous Stanley Ketchel—they Ketchel was shot and killed.

Affairs broke badly for Tipper afterwards. He lost his vision and today he has to be assisted around. But still, Tippett carries on.

In one respect he has done his best fighting since he lost his sight. For years Tippett has earned his own way and even piled up a fat bank roll now and then. As masseur, trainer, tavern operator and fight promoter he has run the gamut of high and low fortune.

YALE 70, NOTRE DAME 9! EVEN BELIEVE IT OR NOT Ripley will be introduced at the above score. But according to Collier's Weekly, it's true as of today.

It indicates the score run up by the two universities in the race for representation on All-American teams named by Collier's magazine since 1889.

Yale has gained 70 places and Notre Dame only nine in all these years, only the season of 1918 being excepted. Of course, in the early days of Collier's All-American, only three teams were represented—Yale, Harvard and Princeton. Later, and by slow degrees, Pennsylvania, Cornell, Michigan and others came into the picture. Today, players are chosen from all sections of the country.

ST. LOUIS REMEMBERS his various promotion efforts at the Coliseum, Battery A and other local centers. Finally a complete flop. Tippett moved on to Peoria, where he promoted some more.

Then some of his Illinois friends campaigned for him as successor to Packey McFarland on the Illinois State Athletic Commission. But that effort failed.

Now Jack is back here in the old town again trying to orient himself. At present he's treating sick folks with what he calls the "Tippett Adjustment." But he wants to get back into the fight promotion game, it seems from the following statement to this writer:

"I have a couple of offers to make matches here in St. Louis. I'm not saying I won't come to terms, but I'm still looking around. I have been away five years and want to be sure of the situation.

"Of one thing I am proud—I have promoted shows in which have appeared a dozen or more fighters who either were champions or who developed into that class. For example: Primo Carnera, Jim Braddock, Max Schmeling, Maxie Rosenbloom, Kid Levinsky, Jackie Fields, (how I remember that show—my biggest single loss, \$4200) Barney Ross, Billy A. Shaw (junior welter champion) Benny Bass (junior lightweight champion) Fidel La-

Duck Hunting Reported Good

With last night's snow and drop in temperature came a large flight of ducks from Iowa and the Dakotas where they have been residing for the past two weeks.

Local hunters this morning were reported as having the best luck of the current season, although the great majority were not getting the bag limit any too easily.

For the most the bags are made up of the Northern mallards and green-wing teal, according to Gamekeeper Helmleman of the Dardenee Shooting Club, Perquimans.

For the most the bags are made up of the Northern mallards and green-wing teal, according to Gamekeeper Helmleman of the Dardenee Shooting Club, Perquimans.

The cold wave arrived just in time as the season closes officially in this district at 4 p. m. Monday. This means that hunters probably

DUCK HUNTERS!

Temperatures continue very low in the North-Central states, although there has been a change to warmer over most sections. Readings are much below normal, with temperatures below zero reported from parts of North Dakota and Saskatchewan. The weather has been generally fair in southern portions and cloudy in northern areas, with snow flurries in North Dakota and Southwestern Canada. Generally fair weather is indicated for the North-Central and Plains States during the next 36 hours, with rising temperature Thursday after-

LAST NIGHT'S FIGHTS

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK—Tony Conforti, 142, New York, outpointed Horace (Cowboy) Scott, 142, in 12 rounds.

LOS ANGELES—Lester Fier, 138, Los Angeles, knocked out Al George, 136, in 10 rounds.

HOUSTON, Tex.—Irish Eddie McGuire, 144, Houston, outpointed Tiger Fein, 144, Newark, N. J., in 12 rounds.

CLEVELAND—Pablo Dene, 135, Philadelphia, outpointed Umoa Greco, 132, Cleveland, in 12 rounds.

DETROIT, Mich.—John Gandy, 134, Detroit, knocked out Kitey Gold, 134, Newark, Ohio, in 12 rounds.

NEW YORK—Sam Marvy, 136, Bronx, New York, outpointed Eddie Gurner, 137, Clinton, N. J., outpointed Francis Morris, 136, Bronx, in 12 rounds.

CAMDEN, N. J.—Frankie Carter, 139, Camden, N. J., outpointed Eddie Fagan, 138, Atlantic City, N. J.—Gus Porcaro, 131, Philadelphia, defeated Buddy Ryan, 131, New Jersey, in 12 rounds.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BOSTON BRUINS HAND RANGERS FIRST REVERSE

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Eddie Shore must be a great annoyance to the bosses of the Boston Bruins.

His habit of holding out each season isn't one to please a club owner, especially when he missed the first four games this season.

He's been around a long time, admitting to an age of 33, and there's always the question of how long he can keep up his remarkable pace. Yet as soon as Eddie steps in, the Bruins begin to look like a lot better team.

Shore sparked the offense that gave the Bruins a 4-1 victory over Detroit Sunday in the first game he played. From there they went on last night to hand the New York Rangers their first defeat of the season, 4-2, and move into a tie with the idle Chicago Blackhawks for the league lead.

Another change was made in the standings when the New York Americans walloped the Montreal Canadiens, 7-5, equaling the season's high scoring mark Detroit set up against the same club. The Americans gained a tie with the Rangers and Toronto a point behind the leaders. For the Canadiens, it was defeat No. 7 without a point to show for their efforts.

Shore didn't have many chances to pull off his famous ring-length rushes against the Rangers. They kept him busy on defense with their "streamlined" attack, which consists of one-five man drive after another. He helped stop that with two tallies, however, and the Bruins found plenty of openings.

They sewed up the game with two goals in 19 seconds late in the final period with Rookie Roy Conacher taking the honors by scoring one and assisting on the other.

The Americans finally found a spot where their attack could really function, when they ran into the habitant defense that offered little aid to the rookie goalie, Claude Bourque. Sweeney Schriner collected three of the first four American goals, while Tommy Anderson netted two.

Canadians to Call Two Players From New Haven.

By the Associated Press.

MONTREAL, Nov. 23.—The Monarchs, one-time outsiders in the Three-I-Ball Baseball League, was buried yesterday. Hedged Monday from pneumonia at the age of 50.

Wolfe, who received a trial with the Chicago White Sox in 1918, also played professional football with teams from Peoria, Moline and Rock Island, Ill. He is survived by the widow, who is treasurer of Grundy County, and two daughters.

The New Commission yesterday officially awarded the middleweight title to Fred Apostoli of San Francisco, for his eight-round knockout of Young Corbett III in Madison Square Garden last Friday.

It absorbed Apostoli of any further obligation to meet Krieger, who is recognized as champion by the National Boxing Association.

Krieger and his manager did not appear at the meeting, as they had been directed to do, to reach an agreement for a fight with Apostoli, each fighter to get an equal share of the purse. The California Boxing Commission also recognized Apostoli as champion.

Caplin said he might, however, match Krieger in Pittsburgh with former champion Teddy Yaross or some other good man, in a title bout. Krieger fights Billy Conn, a tough Pittsburgh youngster, in an overweight fight here Friday night.

PROMOTER OF DEMPSEY BOUT AT SHELBY DIES

By the Associated Press.

SHELBY, Mont., Nov. 23.—James A. Johnson, 73, pioneer of Shelby and a promoter of the heavyweight championship fight between Jack Dempsey and Tommy Gibbons here in 1922, died today.

Johnson served as Mayor of Shelby for 16 years. He made a comfortable fortune in ranching, lost most of it, but regained it in oil fields.

MOORE KAYOES OHIO BOXER IN SECOND ROUND

By W. J. McGroarty.

Archie Moore, St. Louis Negro middleweight, signified his return to his home ring after a sojourn on the Pacific Coast with a knockout in the second round over Ray Lyle, Ohio middleweight, last night.

Moore fainted out Lyle in the first round and after 15 seconds of the second round, chopped Lyle down with a left hook to the jaw which left Ray gasping for breath after the count of ten.

The Second Round.

It was the second knockout on the card of five contests presented by Jack Callahan as matchmaker for Pete Fabro at the Coliseum. In the semifinal, Clarence Jones, St. Louis Negro heavyweight, kayoed Virgil Clark, Chicago Negro heavyweight, in the first round of their scheduled eight-round contest.

In other bouts, Bob La Monte, Chicago, fought Jimmy Fields, St. Louis Negro middleweight, to a draw in six rounds; Dave Stanfield, St. Louis lightweight, defeated Jack Conway, St. Louis, in six rounds while Bob Amster, St. Louis welterweight, won the decision over Bud Wisdom of St. Louis in four rounds.

Perhaps the most interesting contest was that between La Monte and Fields. They fought a close, hard battle and there was much dispute among the fans in calling the bout a draw.

Stanfield Wins.

Another close contest was that between Stanfield and Conway. Stanfield was on the floor once but he came back to win the decision by using his head and having the better of Conway in the infighting.

The attendance was 1,546 and receipts \$760.80.

COLISEUM RESULTS

Archie Moore, St. Louis, (180%), knocked out Ray Lyle, (178%), in second round. Harry Cook, referee.

Clarence Jones, St. Louis, (178%), knocked out Al George, 136, in second round. Harry Cook, referee.

Bob La Monte, Chicago, (183%), drew with Ray Fields, (181%), in 12 rounds. Ray Fields, referee.

Dave Stanfield, St. Louis, (136), won decision over Jack Conway, St. Louis, in six rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Bob Amster, St. Louis, (142%), won decision over Bud Wisdom, St. Louis, in four rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Bud Wisdom, St. Louis, (141%), won decision over Harry Cook, referee.

Ray Lyle, St. Louis, (178%), won decision over Bob Stanfield, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Jack Conway, St. Louis, (178%), won decision over Bob Amster, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Archie Moore, St. Louis, (180%), knocked out Harry Cook, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Ray Fields, St. Louis, (181%), won decision over Bob La Monte, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Al George, St. Louis, (178%), won decision over Clarence Jones, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Jack Conway, St. Louis, (178%), won decision over Bob Stanfield, St. Louis, in 12 rounds. Harry Cook, referee.

Bob Stanfield, St. Louis, (136), won decision over Harry Cook, referee.

Harry Cook, referee.

ANEROID TO BE RETIRED AFTER RUNNING IN BOWIE STAKE

HORSE BOUGHT FOR \$250 HAS WON \$79,000

Miami Beach Handicap at Hialeah Meeting Will Have an Added Value of \$5000.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—J. A. Manfuso's Aneroid is scheduled to wind up a glorious racing career in the Bryan and O'Hara Memorial Handicap at Bowie closing day, Nov. 30. He will be retired to the stud at a Lexington (Ky.) farm. A "bargain" horse which Manfuso purchased for \$250 at a cast-off sale, the son of the Porter-Oubert has won \$79,000 in stakes and purses. Aneroid went lame near the finish in his last start at Pimlico.

Isadore Bleber, who raced a large and successful stable a few years ago, is racing horses in his colors once more. He dropped out as an owner after transferring all his horses to Mrs. Hirsch Jacobs. Recently he has sent out two winners, Caught and Duel. They will continue to race at Miami after the end of the Bowie meeting.

The Hialeah Park meeting this winter is expected to give added impetus to turf racing, which has proved popular with Florida fans in the past few years. Joseph E. Widener, president of the Miami Jockey Club, decided to make the value of the Miami Beach Handicap to \$5000 added in order to attract the better class of thoroughbreds. The distance is a mile and one-sixteenth. Other turf races over the course which parallels the main track in the infield, will be run regularly during the meeting.

The Oaklawn Park meeting which opens at Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 27 promises to be one of the most successful held since the track reopened several years ago. General Manager P. J. Holmes reports applications for stall space at this time exceed those of last year and the track's 900 stalls never have been able to meet all the demands. Oaklawn will begin to receive horses Dec. 15 and will be ready for workouts early in January.

NASHVILLE ELEVEN TO SHOW REAL LINE ACE AGAINST GUNNERS

While it is seldom that linemen get their share of the headlines, the Nashville Rebels, who play the St. Louis Gunners Sunday afternoon at Walker Stadium, are a Shaughnessy play-off game of the American Professional Football League, bringing one of the outstanding forward of the league here to Lou Chumich.

Weighing over 240 pounds, Chumich had a brief tryout with the Pittsburgh Pirates of the National League this year, but didn't strike his stride until he signed with the now disbanded Cincinnati Blades. When that club disbanded, he went with the Rebels and while playing in lineup of that team he blocked the punt which set up the touchdown which enabled the Rebels to tie the Gunners, 7-7. He blocked another punt that day, but the particular play remembered by the local club is the punt he blocked and recovered on the Gunners' 13-yard line.

Probably one reason why Chumich plays so well against the Gunners is that Manager Bud Yates turned him down when he asked for a tryout with the Gunners earlier in the year.

SUMNER ELEVEN TO OPPOSE VASHON IN TITLE GAME

The twelfth annual local Negro High School football championship will be decided tomorrow afternoon when the Sumner High Bulldogs and the Vashon Wolverines meet in a game at the Public Schools Stadium at 1:30 o'clock.

Since 1927 each team has scored five victories in the series and one game was tied.

Each has lost but one game this season. The Bulldogs have a strong line, which has outcharged every opposing team this year. The Vashon line is equally as strong.

Among Sumner's outstanding stars is McFarland, who is by far the greatest player the school has had in many years.

Probable lineups:

VASHON.

Wallace L. E. Hill with

Baddie L. G. Moore

Paul C. Kirksey

Davis R. E. Spiller

McFarland G. S. Carter

Smith R. H. Kline

Sherry F. E. Kline

"Y" DORMERS DEFEAT POLICE FORCE QUINT

Staging a third-period spurt that virtually clinched the game, after leading at the half by four points, the Downtown Y. M. C. A. Doremers basketball team last night defeated the Police Department quintet, 22 to 22, in the losers' gymnasium.

The victory was the ninth straight for the Doremers. Art Guckenheim and Frank de Witt shared scoring honors with 10 points each. Jerry Harris topped the police at 10.



BELLEVILLE SEEKS 4TH VICTORY IN 23 SEASONS IN GAME WITH EAST ST. LOUIS HIGH TOMORROW

Speaking of Feuds.
IN THE "dark and bloody ground" where the feuds most abound, they aim to take each other aware; Those Billikens and McCloys, they were pretty salty boys, But gimus the Billikens and Bears.

On every Turkey Day these ancient rivals play. (Yes, you may call it playing if you wish) Every Billiken is there on that day to get his bear, And a Billiken is Bruin's favorite dish.

STADIUM
DECCA CONTESTANT CAN BRING HIS TEAM THROUGH

On, the Harvards and the Yale used to burn each others' tails.

With the cross-fire of the Princetons cutting in; But the Billikens and Bears make them look like tame affairs When the city championship they're out to win.

So tomorrow is the day when those friendly rivals play. (Yes, you may call it playing if you choose)

Though your favorite may not win in this just stick a pin: You'll see a battle royal, win or lose.

Texas Christian doesn't know as yet whether it will play in the Rose, Cotton, Sugar or Finger Bowl. She can tell better when the meetings come in.

Bo McMillan wants the rules changed so that the coaches will call the plays instead of the quarterbacks, doing away with the remote control system.

Sonia Henie opened at the Arana last night to a near capacity house. Ice time was had by all.

Another crack like that and another will fall in.

BIG TOWN—SMALL FRY.

A crowd of 8500 persons saw Billikens bow to the Missouri Tigers in St. Louis while some 32,000 saw California take Stanford out in Berkley, Cal.

THE GRAY BOWL.

IT WAS ever thus since childhood's hour,

We see our fondest hopes decay

In cities the elite and flower

By tens of thousands stay away.

While urbanites won't cross the street

To see their heroes kicking goals, in college towns when rivals meet.

The games are played in Gray Bowls.

STANDING ROOM ONLY.

Brooklyn College complains that there are no seats in their stadium they will have to play all

BROOKLYN COLLEGE
STANDING ROOM ALWAYS

their games on the road. Strange, too, that such a condition should prevail where the S. R. O. signs always out.

DESERTED and lonely.
A broad they must roam; Midst standing room only They're driven from home.

TAKE TO RETAIN COACH FOND, STAFF.

Nice of Old Eli. In view of Duck's poor season it was thought by many that the Yale would follow the usual procedure and tell Duck to go jump in the pond.

The retention of the entire staff also means that the skids will not be oiled for "Greasy" Neale. Nice work, Eli!

PANA OPENS LEAGUE BASKET PLAY TOMORROW

PANA, Ill., Nov. 23.—The South Central Illinois High School Basketball Conference race will open officially the Pana High gymnasium Thanksgiving evening, with Pana meeting Shively.

The Pana team this season includes only two lettermen, Bill Green and Edwin Longwell, but Coach Homer Hankenson is confident of finding in his large squad material that will put the team high up in the league standing by the end of the season.

Nov. 29—Bardstown, here. Dec. 6—Assumption, here. Dec. 9—Bardstown, here. Dec. 12—Assumption, here. Dec. 17—Mattoon, here. Dec. 23—Carlinville, here. Dec. 29, 30 and 31—Holiday tourney.

Jan. 6—Taylorville, here.

Jan. 13—Carlinville, here.

Jan. 17—Taylorville, here.

Jan. 20—Shawneetown, here.

Feb. 2, 3—Christian County tourney, Shively, here.

Feb. 24—Hillsboro, here.

Feb. 28—Assumption, here.

Dec. 1—Hillsboro, here.

Dec. 8—Assumption, here.

Dec. 15—Shively, here.

Dec. 22—Carlinville, here.

Dec. 29—Taylorville, here.

Dec. 30—Shively, here.

Dec. 31—Carlinville, here.

Dec. 31—Taylorville, here.

Dec. 31—Shively, here.

Dec. 31—Carlinville, here.

G MATCH PROVES
TAL TO ARMY MAN

ENNE, Wyo., Nov. 22.—A match at Fort Francis Egan ended fatally yesterday. Sergeant Victor Morgheim of F, First Infantry, under General E. D. Peck, was injured fatally while with Private Alvin Johnston. Johnston was also hit by all blame. Official statement said he was caused by a brain hemorrhage, apparently caused when he struck his head on the ring. Morgheim is survived by his widow and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Morgheim, all of Omaha, Neb.

the BALANCE
is all in your
favor

— at a
Lower
PRICE

ELS
of Quality

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YOU
ATURES?

of a type who
appreciative.
with a taste for
quips.

is type,
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or this
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thankful!

Merit. Made in
Kentucky way.
CORP., N.Y.C.

sky

WHISKEY

PART THREE

CLARK 1940 BOOM IS PROMOTED AT VICTORY DINNER

Gov. Stark Asserts People
of Missouri Are United
Behind Senator for Presi-
dential Nomination.

HIS DECLARATION
APPLAUDED BY 3500

Honor Guest Says His Sole
Ambition Is to Do His
Work Well in the Upper
House.

Missouri Democrats, 3500 of them, representing all parts of the State, looked to the grooming of Bennett Champ Clark as a dark horse candidate for the 1940 presidential nomination last night at what was arranged as a victory dinner at the Municipal Auditorium to celebrate his re-election this month to another term in the United States Senate.

After consuming more than two tons of corned beef and cabbage, they heard Gov. Lloyd C. Stark, Pike County boyhood friend of the guest of honor, declare that "never before have the people of Missouri been so united on any question, regardless of political affiliation, as they are on Bennett Champ Clark for President in 1940."

The Governor's speech, which went so directly to the point, was interrupted by a long period of applause by the crowd which had heard the Rev. James Johnston, pastor of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, deliver an invocation in which he referred to Senator Clark, saying, "we ask that divine guidance insure his continued success in the United States Senate and we pray that his success in the Senate will lead to greater things."

"Not a Candidate"

After an introduction by Mayor Dickmann, Senator Clark stood through another long ovation.

"Since it already has been mentioned," he began, "I want to say that I am not a candidate for President of the United States. My greatest ambition is to render the best service as a United States Senator that my abilities will enable me to do."

"When I was in the army, it was my duty to fill out the discharge papers of many soldiers. One line required as statement of character of service." It was my pleasure to write there many times, 'honest and faithful.'

"My fondest hope is that when the time comes for my final papers, the people of Missouri will write those same words for me."

"My ambition has been to conduct myself so that I shall not be unworthy to sit in the seats of those illustrious Missouri Senators who have gone before—from Thomas H. Benton on down the line."

Interprets Election Results.

The view that Republican gains in the recent elections indicated a repudiation of the Democratic party and the Roosevelt administration was unfounded, Senator Clark contended.

"Such talk is all folderol," he said. "The three elections of 1932, '34 and '36 constituted the most remarkable succession of victories and consecutive landings in the history of the United States. They brought about an abnormal condition. There is nothing abnormal or unhealthy in having a minority representation."

"It is a one-to-one majority in the Senate and a two-to-one majority in the House are regarded as signs of weakness of the Democratic party, I fail to see how the conclusion is reached."

Roosevelt's Name Applauded.

Reference to President Roosevelt as a great leader and humanitarian brought another period of applause. A large picture of the President hung above the speaker. Pictures of Senator Clark were displayed at either end of the long speakers' table.

"We may confidently anticipate a steady, consistent and rapid progress toward recovery and reform," Senator Clark continued. "The recession, possibly artificially caused, to some extent, is passing. We are on our way to a real prosperity."

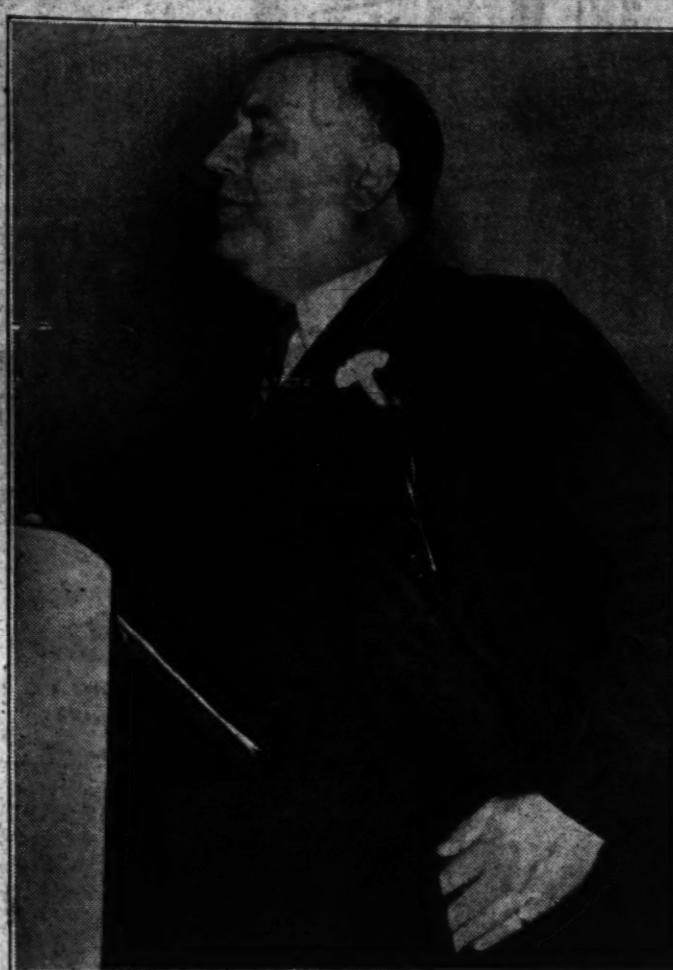
"Industry and business must realize we must continue to advance along the lines of social security and remedial social legislation. Private enterprise and private genius, if you please, also must be recognized if our Government is to continue. Business, labor and agriculture must remember they are partners in the greatest enterprises ever attempted in the history of the world. The Government of the United States."

Mayor Introduces Clark.

Senator Clark was introduced by Mayor Dickmann, chairman of the Clark-for-Senator campaign organization in St. Louis. Mayor Dickmann also planned the dinner, explaining that he did so as an in-

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

Addressing "Victory Dinner"



By Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer
SENATOR BENNETT CHAMP CLARK.

BRITAIN WITH U. S. AID CENSORED NEWSREEL

Sir John Simon Discloses
Kennedy Passed Request
on to Hays Office.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told the House of Commons today that the British Government acted in conjunction with United States Ambassador Joseph P. Kennedy to suppress a newsreel which the Government considered might have had "a prejudicial effect" during the Czechoslovakian crisis.

Under opposition questioning, Sir John said his Government believed the newsreel would have hampered Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain in his conference with Adolf Hitler at Godesberg late in September.

Geoffrey L. Mander, opposition liberal, had asked why "representatives had been made by His Majesty's Government to the American Embassy for withdrawal from a Paramount newsreel of items contributed by Mr. Wickham Steed and Mr. A. J. Cummings?"

Simon, replying for Chamberlain, said: "His Majesty's Government considered certain passages in the newsreel referred to which was being shown at the time of the Prime Minister's conversations with Hitler at Godesberg might have a prejudicial effect on the negotiations."

Referred to Hays Office.

Simon said a representation was made to Kennedy on the matter and that "the Ambassador of the United States, I understand, thought it right to communicate this to a member of the Hays organization" and thereafter "certain excisions" were made from the newsreel. (The reference was to the office of Will Hays, president of the Motion Picture Producers-Distributors of America.)

Learning of Simon's statement, Kennedy said he did nothing about the Government's request except refer it to the Hays office.

"It is inaccurate to give the impression personally took any action which caused the newsreel to change. I simply referred their request to the Hays office. The fact is I didn't even know the Hays office had taken any action," Kennedy said.

Amid opposition cries in Commons of "Government censorship" and "a new tyranny," Simon paid tribute to Kennedy thus:

"His Majesty's Government are grateful to the Ambassador of the United States and I am glad to think that the Ambassador of the United States and ourselves were in complete accord."

Denies Any Compulsion.

Simon left unanswered an angry query from Philip J. Noel-Baker, Laborite, whether "it is a fact that four films of 'The March of Time' have been suppressed in the last six months?"

He denied there was anything compulsory in the Government's or Kennedy's action.

He said Kennedy was "good enough and therefore thought it right to take action tending to promote European peace."

Mander gave notice he would "take early opportunity of calling attention to this and other efforts of censorship by the Government recently owing to 'the unsatisfactory nature' of Simon's reply."

The Paramount organization received Simon's praise for their "sense of public duty" in making excisions from the newsreel, which was a commentary on the Czechoslovak crisis, including statements by Wickham Steed, foreign affairs writer, formerly editor of The Times and A. J. Cummings, chief political writer for the Liberal News Chronicle.

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1938.

MRS. ROOSEVELT DEBATES A LAW AGAINST LYNCHING

Meets Congressman Pat-
rick in Discussion at Bir-
mingham Conference on
South's Plight.

By SPENCER R. McCULLOCH
A Staff Correspondent of the
Post-Dispatch.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, wife of the President of the United States, engaged in a lively impromptu debate with Congressman Luther Patrick, on the subject of anti-lynching legislation, yesterday afternoon at a session of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare being held here. Patrick represents the Ninth District of Alabama.

Before an audience of 7000 whites and Negroes, including evicted textile mill strikers, last night at the Municipal Auditorium, Mrs. Roosevelt placed responsibility for the formulating of anti-lynching legislation on the Southern Congressmen. Her discussion with Representative Patrick was in an earlier sectional meeting devoted to youth problems.

Patriot's Reasons for Vote.

Patriot told a mixed audience, with Negroes and whites in it, represented by police edict, his reasons for voting against the recent antilynching bill, explaining that it was drawn inequitably, although, "of course, I'm against lynching and so is every decent man in the South."

Mrs. Roosevelt, who was attending that afternoon meeting as she had participated in other meetings during a busy day, interrupted him. She asked: "I am wondering why promotion of such a bill doesn't lie with the people of the South? Why isn't it at your door to frame a law to meet the proper requirements?"

Patriot replied, "Undoubtedly" it was, and then went on to assert that when it was proposed to amend the bill, which he helped to defeat, to include "Northern gang killings," that "they would have none of it."

Mrs. Roosevelt insisted on knowing what he meant by "they." He replied that it came from Michigan, Ohio and other Northern sections.

She said she had not heard of it. Asked whether it had been given public mention, Patrick replied that it was "in the Congressional Record."

No Move to Frame Bill.

"But people don't read the Congressional Record," Mrs. Roosevelt exclaimed, again asking if there was not a genuine discussion. "Well, there wasn't a lawmaker in the South that didn't know it." He hollered as loud as we could," responded Patrick. He conceded, however, that Southern legislators had made no effort to formulate an anti-lynching bill.

Bela Imreidi Referred to in Debate

as a "Good Schacht But a Poor Hitler."

By the Associated Press.

BUDAPEST, Nov. 23.—A motion sponsored by Premier Bela Imreidi's Government was defeated, 95 to 115, today in a test vote in the lower House of Parliament. Whether Imreidi would resign was not immediately apparent.

The lower house turned down a proposal relating to the routine acceptance of 10 new deputies from the annexed upper Hungarian region who were known to be friendly to the Premier.

The opposition insisted on consid-

ering Imreidi's Ruthenian and domestic policies first, charging he was trying to introduce an authoritarian rule.

Tibor Eckhardt, leader of the Agricul-

tural party, called the Premier

"a good Schacht but a poor Hitler."

He referred to Imreidi's record as Finance Minister before he became Premier. Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, to whom he compared Imreidi, is the former German Minister of Eco-

nomics.

Problems of Youth.

Boys and girls of high school and college age, both white and Negro, told informally of the problems of Southern youth. The need for vocational education was emphasized.

The levy, designed to replace the present 2 per cent sales tax, was pro-

posed to make up the \$25,000,000 difference between expenditures and estimated income in the 1938 city budget. Councilmen also said it would obviate the necessity of increasing the present tax on real estate. It now is \$1.70 per \$100 valuation.

NORRIS SAYS REACTIONARIES
MAY FORCE ROOSEVELT TO RUN

Will Support Third Term Can-
didacy if Defeat of President's
Policies Precipitates Issue.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov.

22.—Senator George W. Norris (Ind.), of Nebraska, said last night defeat of the President's policies by "reactionary machines" would force Mr. Roosevelt to be a candidate for re-election in 1940.

"He will have my support," he added.

Norris is in the Tennessee Valley

with a Congressional Committee in-

vestigating the phosphate industry.

King Carol in Germany.

BERCHTESGADEN, Nov. 23.—King Carol of Romania and Crown Prince Michael arrived in Germany yesterday after state visits to London and Paris and are expected to call on Reichsfuehrer Hitler this week. Although German officials attached little importance to the visit, rumors were current it was designed to put German and Romanian relations on a better basis.

He said King Carol was "good enough and therefore thought it right to take action tending to promote European peace."

Mander gave notice he would "take early opportunity of calling attention to this and other efforts of censorship by the Government recently owing to 'the unsatisfactory nature' of Simon's reply."

The Paramount organization received Simon's praise for their "sense of public duty" in making excisions from the newsreel, which was a commentary on the Czechoslovak crisis, including statements by Wickham Steed, foreign affairs writer, formerly editor of The Times and A. J. Cummings, chief political writer for the Liberal News Chronicle.

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

BARCELONA RAIDED BY REBEL PLANES; 31 PERSONS KILLED

More Than 70 Wounded—
Attack on Government
Capital Is Most Severe in
Several Weeks.

By the Associated Press.

BARCELONA, Nov. 23.—Eight rebel planes bombarded Barce-
lona this morning in the first se-
vere air raid the Government cap-
ital has suffered in several weeks.

At least 31 persons were killed
and more than 70 wounded in the
upper section and port area of the
city. The raiders first made a
combined attack and then returned
50 minutes later in two sections for
repeated assaults.

Komintern was purged some 14
months ago when five secretaries
and eight other officials were ousted
and Kozarev was sternly rebuked
and warned to put his organization
in order. That reorganization con-
tinued until March, 1938, when a
half was called and "over-vigilance"

was blamed for the unjustified ex-
pulsion of thousands of members
(Komintern's) membership, in 1938
was 600,000.

In recent weeks sharp criticism of
Komintern conditions began ap-

pearing in the Soviet press. Laz-
arus was charged.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Amplifying his statement of yesterday,
that the time has come to "crack
down" on violators, Wage-Hour
Administrator Elmer F. Andrews
said today in an interview:

"We can't let the chiselers get
away with their practices any longer."

While operation of the wage-hour
program was getting under way,
Andrews deliberately withheld ac-
tion on complaints. He said he
wanted to give interstate industry
an opportunity to adjust itself to
the new 25-cents-an-hour minimum
wage and the maximum work week
of 44 hours.

He issued interpretation and regu-
lations to guide companies uncer-
tain whether they came under the
law or not in an exempted cate-
gory. But now he considers the
period of grace at an end, and is
ready to start prosecution of vi-
olators.

Andrews discussed the law's provi-

sion that the courts must rule

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
December 11, 1878
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I KNOW that my government will make no difference in its cardinal principle—that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight the enemies of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never look sympathetically upon the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER,
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Fears a Whitewash. The Editor of the Post-Dispatch's recent news article and editorial comment on the school survey performed a real public service. Whatever was intended by the Assistant Superintendent's letter to the school principals, it was certainly interpreted by some of them as a command, with the result that it was suggested to teachers that they change their methods until after the survey.

The consequences have been a mild revolt among the more conscientious principals and teachers and a lot of ugly rumors that the survey is to result in a whitewash.

May I suggest that no survey will be adequate unless the following matters are thoroughly investigated:

The ability of the School Board to conduct the school system.

The effect upon the type of board members produced by candidates seeking the support of political bosses. Has this resulted in political debts to be paid, so that even skilled craftsmen in the maintenance department cannot hold a job unless sponsored by board members?

Is there supposed to be uniformity of studies among schools of similar rating? If so, why is one of the grammar schools in a poor section of the city being conducted wholly as an experimental school, with the result that students going from this school to other schools find themselves a year behind in preparation?

Will the report of the survey be made public, or will \$50,000 be spent for a document that remains in the board's secret archives?

WHITEWASH.

Not a Rarity.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch: THE writer who reports the "curiosity" of an old photograph having on the back a 2-cent internal revenue stamp probably can't remember back to Civil War days, and surely isn't a stamp collector.

From 1862 until after 1870, we stuck a revenue stamp on the record of almost every transaction. These stamps will be found in the old family album on photographs and on a wide variety of business documents.

These "rarities" sell for about 2 cents!

E. H. ADAMS.

That "Miscourt" of St. Louis Ballots. To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

EVERY decent and right-thinking Democrat, to say nothing of the other citizens of St. Louis, must protest vigorously against the obvious misconducting (to put it mildly) of ballots in the last election.

Chairman Hannegan of the Democratic committee should demand a recount by the Election Board of every precinct in his ward as a demonstration of his desire for clean and honest elections. Otherwise the people will rise in their disgust and throw all of us out.

Every Democrat should demand action! action! action! St. Louis must not become Kansas City!

DEMOCRAT.

Prospect of 15 Long Years.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch: FOR the benefit of those who sneer at us and say that we try to make a career out of the WPA, I would like to say that my husband applied for work in his regular line at the company where he formerly worked for 18 years, and which opened up recently after a six-year shutdown. He did not even get the courtesy of an answer. We guess that the answer is that he is too old.

Just imagine the grand time we are going to have for the next 15 years until we are old and can get the magnificent old-age pension, struggling as we have been for the past seven years.

STILL FIGHTING FOR JUSTICE.

Says We Were Misguided.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch: WHEN the bill establishing the office of Comptroller in St. Louis County was pending in the Legislature, the Post-Dispatch editorialized upon it. All of your recommendations were diametrically opposed to the best thought in the field of public administration. Among these misguided suggestions were those to fix the number of employees and salary rates in the State law, thus destroying flexibility and control by the County Court, and to attach personal liability to official acts.

The provision that the County Court appoint the Comptroller was attacked, and before enactment of the law was changed so that the Comptroller was made an elective office, despite sound reasons for making the office an agency of the County Court, which is the governing authority of the county, and despite the necessity for shortening the unwieldy ballot.

View your handwork: Edwin O. Harper, who established the county budget system as a working organism, was swept out of office on a Republican tide set in motion by traditional conservatism or opposition to Democratic national policies, but certainly not related to the vital problems of St. Louis County or the candidates for Comptroller. No criticism of the successful candidate is intended, and it is to be hoped, for the county's welfare, that Mr. Harper and Mr. Hackmann will frequently consult, so that the latter, and the county, may benefit by experience gained the hard way, by actually establishing and operating the county budget.

PLUTO.

JUNGLE LAW IN ST. LOUIS.

The time has come for St. Louis to take a full and complete inventory of its processes of justice. Every phase should be gone into with the most searching sort of scrutiny. The investigation should include the Police Department, it should embrace the prosecuting agencies and the courts. It should be broad-gauged and it should proceed straight to the mark regardless of what influences seek to detect it.

The situation in St. Louis is just as grave as that. This city is no longer a safe place to live in. Let the tie-up between gangsterism and politics continue and the name of St. Louis will come to mean before very long what the name of Chicago meant in the days of Al Capone's high-handed rule of blood and iron over the nation's second city.

For the simple truth is that law and order today in St. Louis are the playthings of gangsters and gunmen and their scurvy associates in some of the allegedly respectable reaches of society. The rats of the underworld make sport of our processes of justice, aided and abetted by betrayers of trust placed in them by the people.

The attempted murder of Leo Baker, key witness in a labor racket bombing, is not an isolated case. It is just another, if a particularly brutal, episode in a long-continued flouting of the law in this city. It is part and parcel of a system of laxity and inaction and delay. Shocking though it may be, it is a natural flowering in a soil prepared by shyster legislators, underworld lawyers and half-baked officials.

The bombing which Baker witnessed occurred last June 2. If the prosecution of criminals in St. Louis were real instead of make-believe, the case would have gone to trial long ago. As it is, the delay was sufficient to allow a desperate criminal freedom in the community for plotting stratagems with which to frustrate justice—long enough to arrange for a deliberate attempt at murder and the blocking of the prosecution.

Only four persons knew officially where Baker was placed in hiding. These were two members of the staff of the Circuit Attorney and two detectives of the Police Department. Yet the underworld knew where Baker was. The underworld could get to him, could shoot him twice, could leave him for dead.

This underworld has its connections where it needs them. If one of its gangsters goes to prison in Michigan or Iowa, it gets a front to pave the way to freedom and a further plying of the trade of crime. That front may be a State Senator, it may be a Judge of the Circuit Court. The strings are pulled and the wires are worked and a criminal who should be kept locked away from society comes back on parole to take up where he left off.

Such a condition is not an accident. It is by deliberate design and careful planning. It requires the underworld to enter into politics, to take part in political counsels, to go to the polls, to attend sessions of the Legislature, to block criminal code reform.

It makes police, prosecution, juries, courts—everything which should be on the side of law and order—the object of underworld influence and pernicious.

From far-flung Standard Oil, the architect and administrator for years of that mighty empire had not but severed ownership relations; the sole exception being a single share in Standard Oil of California.

With this last expression the personality passes permanently into legend.

Right now it looks as if Adolf Hitler might soon be peeling Neville Chamberlain's umbrella.

know the reason why. January is due to produce some embarrassment for certain gentlemen on Capitol Hill.

NOT TANGANYIKA.

The British proposal for settling German refugees in Tanganyika has provoked fury in Berlin. It is an affront, Hitler is reported as saying, to suggest settlement of Jews on former German soil. Tanganyika is the former German East Africa, lost to the Reich in the World War and now administered by Britain under League mandate.

The fact that this region is one of those whose return is being demanded by the Nazis makes plain its unsuitability as a haven for refugees. Britain, France and the Union of South Africa went officially on record last week that they would not return any of the German colonies. This by no means settles the matter, however.

Hitler does not make a practice of taking anybody's No for a final answer. He may be counted upon to continue insisting with all the means, diplomatic and military, at his command. The chance of another diplomatic shuffle which will give Hitler a colonial victory is by no means beyond the realm of possibility. In such an event, refugees from the Nazi terror who settled in Tanganyika would again become outcasts.

British Guiana, also mentioned in Mr. Chamberlain's address, presents no political handicaps, but has climatic and topographical difficulties, though rich in resources. It could at best accommodate only a fraction of the thousands seeking to flee Germany.

It is to be hoped serious consideration will turn to other sectors of the British Empire where permanent settlements can be launched under more propitious auspices. In any region, however, the cost would be great. Generous Americans are sure to help substantially, but the British Government should also see the reason for giving financial assistance. Britain, after all, will be the ultimate beneficiary in the development of long-neglected parts of its Empire.

The weather tried hard to give summer a bob sled send-off.

THE ROCKEFELLER PORTFOLIO.

A transfer tax appraisal has just been filed which reports the net estate of John D. Rockefeller Sr. at the relatively modest figure of \$26,000,000. The fact of commanding interest has to do with the monies donated to philanthropic agencies. The amount as fixed in a codicil to the will exceeds half billion dollars. It is the maximum individual benefaction that history records. It is no figure of speech to say that it encircles the globe.

Details of the holdings will be curiously scanned. They disclose that the founder of what has come to be known as Big Business with a reportedly uncanny judgment of values, was far from infallible in the hazardous field of investment. Numerous items reveal a substantial shrinkage in the market value of securities as compared with the face value. A block of mining stock is disposed of with the notation, "No value."

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A GOOD IDEA AND A BAD ONE.

The decision of administrators of state labor departments, at their Washington conference, to work for the enactment of state wage-hour laws is excellent. For every worker brought under the Federal law through the entry of his product into interstate commerce, there are others who are engaged in work purely intrastate in character, and so are unprotected against starvation wages and long hours. Still other employees work in a border-line area, and there is doubt as to whether they are in interstate commerce or local employment.

If the grand jury system has fallen into decline, let it be lifted above its political surroundings by some such device as that just used by Circuit Judge Barrett in St. Louis County, who named three citizens to choose the next county grand jury. There are always citizens ready to do their duty when called and shown the way.

If the courts have become the prey of party bosses—and that stands demonstrated—there must be a new method of choosing Judges.

It is time to act—to act concurredly and on all fronts. Jungle law rules St. Louis now. If it rules for long, it will ruin.

The University of Chicago, rumor says, may quit intercollegiate football. A lot of people thought they had sworn off long ago.

DR. TOWNSEND CLAIMS CREDIT.

The Townsendites did not indorse 185 Republican candidates for Congress for nothing. They did it for a very definite reason, as Dr. Townsend himself makes clear.

First, he reviews the returns. These show, so he says, that 61 of the newly elected Republican Representatives are definitely committed to espouse the cause of Townsendism in Congress. These Congressmen-elect are on record pledged either to support the Townsend pension bill or to vote to bring the measure to the floor.

Another decision of the state labor department is not so happy. The long-pending child labor amendment proposal could not be revived without provoking old animosities. The Federal wage-hour law prohibits child labor in industries affecting interstate commerce. Let the states enact supplementary wage-hour legislation and it can be barred from intrastate industries and businesses as well.

The latter course is the logical one now. Revival of the amendment plan would be worse than futile.

Prosperity, so the Roger Babson experts predict, is about to establish its G. H. Q. in St. Louis.

THE APPLES OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Some new, startling and delicious facts about the apple, and about apple pie, too, have just come to light. For this important contribution to the sum of human knowledge, the world is indebted to the author of "Whiting's Boston Letter," which appears every Thursday in the Springfield (Mass.) Republican. Read it and sing:

Dr. Townsend's bill establishing the office of Comptroller in St. Louis County was attacked, and before enactment of the law was changed so that the Comptroller was made an elective office, despite sound reasons for making the office an agency of the County Court, which is the governing authority of the county, and despite the necessity for shortening the unwieldy ballot.

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PLUTO.



CLUBROOM IN RAT ALLEY.

A Canadian View of the Trade Treaty

Many groups in Dominion will benefit by new accord, but others must make sacrifices; these should be accepted as contributions to closer understanding with the United States, Montreal paper says; pact proves that both Britain and America now realize they cannot be self-sufficient; event is hailed as a "closing of democratic ranks."

From the Montreal Daily Star.

WE ventured to say recently that the Canada-United States treaty, when it came, would be in the nature of "our contribution to Anglo-American amity" and that "when you talk of a 'contribution,' you mean putting something in the plate—not taking something out." We know now that the treaty itself bears out this construction.

There are Canadian interests which have been asked to make sacrifices. Whether the extent of these sacrifices is within their power and whether their share of the burden is not unfair, only an expert can know. Perhaps it will require actual experience to discover the full truth. But the circumstances that these sacrifices are made for the sake of Canada and the Empire, and for the purpose of promoting closer friendship between us both and the United States, remains an incontrovertible fact.

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Brickbats for Britannia

Books in the News

IF any British statesman was entitled to a bitter "I told you so" after the Munich meeting, it was Winston Churchill. For years he had been urging England to re-arm, particularly to build more and more planes. Constantly he assailed "muddling" and warned of the menace of growing Nazi power. "I dread the day when the means of threatening the heart of the British Empire shall pass into the hands of the present rulers of Germany," he said in March, 1934.

Forty warning speeches made by Churchill in the last six years are collected in a book, "While England Slept" (G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York). In the first speech, Churchill scoffs at the endless debates over arms limitation and the folly of attempting it while the grievances of the vanquished nations remain unsatisfied. Disarmament fails, and beaten Germany begins its resurgence. Churchill calls for a united front of League nations, but this hope, too, is disappointed. Armed strength is then the only recourse, and Churchill doubles his insistence, but still "England slept."

Churchill's constant drum-beating doubles sounded like jingolism to his drowsy colleagues, but events have proved, to Britain's grief, that on most points he gave the soundest of advice. His statute cannot be fully judged, however, merely by this year record. A look back to 1919 shows Churchill among those who urged a peace treaty of crushing terms, the treaty that

SUBURBAN PROP.—Furnished

University City
PENNINGTON, 4-room (parlor) — 2 bed-rooms, 2 baths; modern kitchen; all rooms, good. \$1,000. per month. PA. 6174W.

HOUSES, FLATS, ETC.
FOR RENT; FOR COLORED

BENSON HILL — 2-story, 3 bed-rooms, 2 baths; modern kitchen; all rooms, good. \$1,000. per month. PA. 6174W.

CARS, 2½-3 rooms, bath, electric; roof reduced; \$250. JNO. 1920. COON, INC., 111 N. 10th.

CONTRACTOR — 2½ room house, bath, toilet.

very reasonable. \$100. per month.

TAYLOR, 1914 N. 3-room cottage, toilet, bath; \$15.

BUSINESS PROPERTY for Rent

North

SPRING, 2½ room; bldg. \$100. per month.

400' suitable for light mech. auto repair.

Northeast

GOODWILL, 4825 — New store; shop or office or delicatessen; low rent.

South

ALABAMA, 2½ room—desirable store; in good condition; \$25.

Southeast

MACKIN, 4½ room—desirable store; in good condition; \$25.

Office Space

DOCTOR'S OFFICE — Writing room; every convenience. 3235 S. Grand, L. 5600.

PRIVATE OFFICE, 1½; DESK, \$10.

Phone, 221. Post-Dispatch Bldg., 7th and Pine.

REAL ESTATE

BIDS, PLANS, ESTIMATES

WILL BUILD NEW HOME ON YOUR LOT; FINANCE 100 PER CENT. SUPERIOR. 3743 WEST PINE, CH. 767.

REAL ESTATE CARDS

LOANS INSURANCE — SALES

G. B. & J. M. O'REILLY, Main 2427.

REAL ESTATE—EXCHANGE

VIRGINIA, 4½-4 and 4½; want say all clear. \$1,000.

A. T. O'Rourke, 2433 S. Grand, Clayton.

REAL ESTATE—WTD. TO BUY

Am Not Looking for Bargains

Will pay reasonable price for your property, any condition, large or small.

you have and commission by calling JEW, 9640 or write 4461 Olive St. Apartment.

WILL PAY CASH IF PRICE IS RIGHT

E. L. 2425, 10th and Locust, 24023.

FOR each quick call Garfield 3164.

CHAUNCEY F. HEATH CO., 111 Chestnut.

CASH for any type of real estate. CA. 2986.

ACTION. Most cash for property regardless of size, condition. MA. 41823.

CASH FOR YOUR PROPERTY. QUICK ACTION; NO COMMISSION. RE. 4362.

SUBURBAN SALES

STEDELIN OFFERS

BELLEFONTAINE RD.

6-ROOM HOUSE

For sale or lease: 6-room residence, one floor; oil heat; ratheater; known as Mr. Hoffert's home. CH. 4855 or CA. 3217W.

CATAWBA — 7 room, electric, modern, 3-room cottage; all on 1 acre; trees, garden, \$3500. RE. 4600.

Acres

\$200 FEET S. Louis County highway frontage on U. S. 61; ½ mile north Benson, 2½ room, 2 bath, modern, central heating, kitchen, 2 car garage; all buildings, bargain, \$3 front foot. Box 2275, Post-Dispatch.

Afton

MEIGE, 6202 — New, very attractive, 6-room bungalow; bargain, CH. 4452.

Glendale

1220 RAPINGTON RD. — GLENDALE

5-ROOM HOME FOR SALE

Finest, most comfortable, one floor, unfurnished second floor, thoroughly modern; ratheater, many built-in features; heat, electric, etc.; a real home; will be seen to be appreciated; large corner lot; nicely financed.

DICKMANN 804 Chestnut, MA. 4111

Kirkwood

135 WEST BOLDY

Modern, 6-rooms, 2 bath, first floor, residential location; 4 rooms each; 6-car garage; lot 50x200 ft.; phone for info.

5050 3RD — 2½ room, electric, modern, 2 bedrooms; all buildings, bargain, \$3 front foot. Box 2275, Post-Dispatch.

Paseo

LOTS, 6-8 foot front; Country Club drive; \$45 feet; owner, 3231. Timedate.

Pine Lawn

JUNE (Northwest) — 3 room new brick house; two bedrooms; all built-in heating; terms if sold quickly. MU. 6512, MU. 2836.

University City

TULANE, 7426 — Brand new 6 large room Colonial home; something different; open evenings; heated. MA. 4182.

Webster Groves

TRENTWYLL WILSON E. R. CO. 1000 N. Locust, 24023. For lease or sale, call First National Realty, RE. 3881.

CALL WEBSTER GROVES TRUST CO.

HOMES — 2½ room, 1 bath, 60x200, near school, \$4000. RE. 4600.

BUNGALOWS — For Sale

THRIFTY HOME BUYERS

Get our selected list of HOLO foreclosures before buying.

FEDERATED AGENCIES, INC. CE. 4500

North

MODERN 5-ROOM BUNGALOW

4154 Green Lee; steam heat, hardwood floors; 2-car brick garage; beautiful lot, 50x100 ft.; 2½ room, 2 bath, modern, \$1,000.

5 ROOMS, BATH — \$250 CASH

4½ room; good condition; nicely painted; large lot. BARGAIN — VICT. CH. 6666. SILVERBLATT R. CO.

A REAL CAMP-OUT! — Practically new 2½ room, 2 bath, modern, \$1,000. All will handle. MA. 4600. Margarita av. Open. ABHOT, CH. 2623.

Northwest

BUFLYX — 3 room, strictly modern; 4½-4½ rooms, 2 bath; kitchen, 2 car garage; terms.

4725 Natural Bridge, MICHAEL, EV. 5241.

South

OFFICE OPEN THURSDAY

Spent an hour or so Thanksgiving Day in looking at some of our many bargains. Businesses, cottages and fine homes. See us for a trade.

AUTHORIZED M. O. L. G. DEALERS

H. A. O'Rourke, Riv. 4116

4471 Gravois

ALABAMA, 2½-3 rooms, \$1,000.

\$1000 — 2½ room, bath, modern, \$1,000.

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MINOR RALLY, QUICKLY OVER, LIFTS SOME STOCK PRICES

Copper and Steel Among
Gainers in Trading So
Thin Tickers Are Barely
Kept Going After Midday
Spurt.

EXCHANGES TO CLOSE IN OBSERVANCE OF THANKSGIVING DAY

SECURITY, commodity and livestock exchanges throughout the country will suspend trading in observance of Thanksgiving day.

Canadian and foreign markets will operate as usual.

Locally there will be no sessions of the Merchants' Exchange, St. Louis Stock Exchange or livestock markets. Thanksgiving is a legal banking holiday.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The Thanksgiving fare was spread thinly in the stock market today and provided only enough nourishment for a meager rally.

There was barely enough business to keep stock tickers going much of the time, although a mid-day buying spurt helped to raise transactions to about a million shares.

The rally marked a change from the recent descent from the 1938 tops but brokers noted little difference in the essential characteristics of the market.

A few individual performers stayed most of the pre-Thanksgiving show.

Dunhill and Steel Out in Front. Dunhill International, active on rumors the company would enter the popular-priced cigarette field, stretched its advance for more than two points at one time. Climax Molybdenum was another climber.

Also out in front on rally were U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, Anaconda, Kennecott, Westinghouse, American Smelting, U. S. Gypsum and Al Reduction. Worthington Pump shared a few news two performance dividends had been posted.

On the curb prices were up moderately for Aluminum of America, American Cyanamid, B. Great Atlantic Tea and Sherwin Williams.

Wheat at Chicago finished 4¢ up to 4¢ down. Corn was up 4¢ to 5¢ cents. A bushel.

At mid-afternoon the British pound was quoted at \$4.86¢, up 4¢ of a cent. The French franc was 2.61¢ cents, unchanged.

New Touch to Picture.

The proposed French-German peace pact put a rosy touch to what had generally been depicted in financial circles lately as a dark European picture. Better feeling toward the foreign situation was evident in a recovery in the British pound against the dollar, interrupting the sharp fall of England's currency.

The year-end dividend list was supplemented by several important declarations, including a 25-cent payment by Anaconda Copper but these actions appeared to have little effect on market. U. S. Rubber preferred, which had scored a big comeback earlier in the year, started only fractionally higher following the overnight announcement of payment of \$4 on the stock, the first dividend since 1928.

Other Business Report.

Weekly carloading figures of individual roads pointed to a greater-than-seasonal gain in railroad traffic, analysts reported.

The Edison Electric Institute's totals on power consumption last week also expanded more than was expected for the period. Consumption ran 2.7 per cent higher than in the comparable 1937 week against a year-to-year gain of 2.1 the week before.

The Iron Age said year-end caution seemed to be manifesting itself in a slowing of steel production but added there was no fear in the industry of a sharp decline in output such as often happens at the year-end. "Trade opinion is fairly confident of a considerable improvement in 1939 over the present year," the publication said.

Analysts studied estimates of the P. W. Dodge Corporation that construction awards for this year would run 11 per cent ahead of those for 1937 and that 1939 was likely to see another 8 per cent boost.

Estimate was that total awards for the 37 Eastern States would run this year to \$240,000,000 as compared with \$291,000,000 last year. For 1938 figure of around \$3,500,000,000 was chosen on the basis of factors presently known.

Day's 15 Most Active Stocks.

Sales closing price and net change of the 15 most active stocks:

Schmitz Retail Stores, 49,300, 1%, up 4%; Richfield Oil, 38,000, 8%, up 2%; Dunhill Int., 24,400, 15%, up 1%; U. S. Steel, 19,800, 6%, up 1%; Anaconda, 16,000, 3%, up 1%; Aviat. Corp., 17,400, 7, unchanged; Kenne-cott, 15,500, up 1%; North Ameri-can Aviation, 12,600, 16%, down 2%; Boeing Airplane, 11,800, 32%, down 2%; Republic Steel, 11,300, 24, up 2%; Transport and Western Air, 11,200, 10%, down 2%; Sperry Corpor-ation, 10,600, 40, up 4%; General

INDEX COMMODITY AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The Associated Press—Commodity Prices—Nov. 23 basic commodities

Wednesday

Thursday

Friday

Week ago

Month ago

Year ago

RANGE OF RECENT YEARS

1938, 1937, 1936, 1935, 1934

High — 74.75 82.14 85.22 78.63

Low — 53.86 73.83 75.31 41.41

(1938 average equals 100)

STOCK PRICE AVERAGES

(Compiled by Dow-Jones.)

Stocks High Low Close Change

50 industrials 151.00 149.27 146.58 32

20 railroads 30.70 29.80 29.82 1.1

10 utility 20.05 19.80 19.82 0.02

65 stocks 49.88 49.09 49.43 .05

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

BOND PRICE AVERAGES

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

20 to 100 Rail. Ind'l. Util. Fitch

Day's change — .21 .1

Wednesday — 74.9 20.5 35.8 81.4

Tuesday — 74.5 20.5 35.7 81.2

Week ago — 75.6 21.5 36.5 81.7

Month ago — 76.7 21.4 37.2 82.8

Year ago — 79.7 19.5 32.7 41.7

1938 low — 49.2 12.1 24.9 33.7

high — 101.6 48.5 54.0 75.3

March 1, 1935 — 53.3 21.4 23.1 37.8

MOVEMENT IN RECENT YEARS

1938 — 17.5 8.7 23.9 18.5

1937 high — 146.5 32.0 18.5 18.5

low — 116.4 30.8 18.5 18.5

1936 high — 109.8 23.8 18.5 18.5

low — 107.0 22.8 18.5 18.5

1937 high — 99.0 10.4 12.8 74.7

low — 77.5 9.8 10.5 68.5

1936 high — 105.8 10.0 10.5 68.5

1935 high — 101.9 9.8 10.0 68.5

10 LOW-YIELD BONDS

Wednesday — 116.2 1938 low — 108.7

Month ago — 109.8 1938 low — 107.0

Year ago — 107.0 1928 high — 104.4

1938 high — 110.4 1932 low — 86.8

STOCK PRICE TREND

Wed. Tues.

Advances — 342 188

Advances — 196 183

Total issues — 804 768

New 1938 high — 34 17

New 1938 low — 34 17

U. S. GOVERNMENT BOND YIELDS

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Government bonds, based on yesterday's closing prices, show the following yields:

Green 4.41, 47. pet. 3.98 44.13

4.41, 52. pet. 3.98 44.13

4.41, 56.25 3.98 44.13

4.41, 60.5 3.98 44.13

4.41, 64.75 3.98 44.13

4.41, 69.0 3.98 44.13

4.41, 73.25 3.98 44.13

4.41, 77.5 3.98 44.13

4.41, 81.75 3.98 44.13

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Case Records of a PSYCHOLOGIST

By Dr. George W. Crane
Of Northwestern University

THIS is a tragic situation which occurred in a large city in Northern Indiana. It should be read by everybody, for it helps give us both sides of a serious problem in American life.

CASE K-157: Axel R., aged 44, is president of a manufacturing plant.

"I have been very much interested in your Rating Scale for Bosses," he remarked at a business men's luncheon club which I recently addressed. "It's too bad such a scientific test could not have been released 25 years ago. I am in hearty accord with this rating scale. But I wish you could also construct a test for employees, based on the same principles. During the past four years, for example, I have been operating my factory at a loss, which now totals \$215,000. But I have kept hoping there would be a turn in the road sooner or later."

"My reserves are gone, and taxes are reaching the point where I have contemplated bankruptcy. Last spring I mortgaged my home and poured that money into my business to tide me along, still hoping. Finally I told my employees we'd have to take a cut in wages, or go out of business. The union informed me it would not take a cut, and has issued an ultimatum demanding a blanket wage increase."

"The union leaders were offered my books in order to see for themselves. But they retorted that my books were 'doctored' so they wouldn't even consult them. So I have locked my factory and am listing the machinery for sale. I still have a little money left to live on, and I am moving to a small farm. We can at least live there and enjoy a simple life. I've spent 25 years of worry and long hours, headaches and uncertainty trying to build up this factory."

"WHERE MY MEN have been through work at 5 p.m., I've had to work till late at night. Instead of staying home reading or enjoying the radio, I've gone to business conferences. I've sacrificed my family life to build my business. True, my employees probably think it must be fun to attend an evening banquet at a fancy hotel, and sit there till nearly midnight listening to executive discussions, or pulling wires to get new orders."

"But any intelligent man today should realize that high pressure business competition is far more injurious to health and happiness than swinging a pick or doing routine office chores. I doubt if there's a man among my 500 employees who has the nerve to go out and do sales work on straight commission. But that's what I've had to do for 25 years in order to keep orders coming in so they could have regular weekly pay checks."

"I BELIEVE IN trades unions, especially when their leaders have come up from the ranks and understand the local problems. But when racketeers 'muscle in' and refuse to consider the best interests of both labor as well as capital, they'll kill the goose that lays the golden egg. "Russia drove out the bosses and employers, then frantically had to bribe American engineers and financiers to come back and start production in order to give work to their people."

"You are right in saying the Golden Rule is the best labor code, Dr. Crane, but both employees as well as employers must intelligently apply that rule."

On Broadway —By Walter Winchell

NEW YORK HEARTBEAT.

FACES About Town: Dorothy Lamour's groom, Herbie Kay, is handsomer than any of her male leads. . . . Buddy Clark enchanting his listeners with "Never in a Million Years," which came out of Jack Haley's lips in "Wake Up and Live." . . . Sidney Lanfield, the director of that flicker, in hysterics at Club 18, where the clowns "rib up" anybody. The bigger the shot, the bigger the rib. . . . Leslie Howard's midnight being spotted by autographists. . . . Della Lind, the lovely singing star at the Case Manana, whose heart is in Hollywood—which local stage-door Johnnies are quickly finding out. . . . Mary Martin of Weatherford, Tex., whose first show, "Leave It to Me," made her an overnight favorite.

Sallies in Our Alley: Al Jolson, Gordon and Revel and their favorite columnist obliged a photographer by posing pretty. After snapping the shutter he asked the songsmith their names and then asked the columnist his. . . . This amused Jolson, who heckled: "How-haw! Big shot, huh? They don't even know you!" Two minutes later a typical night club moron approached Jolson. "Hey! . . . he began, "How about your autograph? I got two daughters, and you got five, so what?" . . . He thought Jolson was Cantor—haw! . . . Judging by all the silly restrictions, the authorities seem to feel that nothing should be bare in the night clubs and cabarets—except the chairs.

Midtown Vignette: You probably read how Commissioner of Something-or-Other O'Leary (who boasts that he has never set foot in a night club in his life) temporarily closed various spots for minor violations. Such as employees (show girls, et al) mingling with customers. . . . Comm. O'Leary is so technical that he has ruled against chorus or show girls sitting out front with their own kin! . . . Barbara Bannister, for example. . . . She sings for the fun of it—her family is rich. . . . She was barred the other night from joining the table of a bank director who handles her father's money and estate! . . . And May Martin, a lovely in N. T. G.'s girl show, was refused permission to sit with a Saranac Lake doctor—her own husband!

Sounds in the Night: In the Versailles: "He's a Loathario!" . . . In the Troc: "She was so badly dressed she looked positively English!" . . . In N. T. G.'s: "It's not what he says—it's the way he says it!" . . . In the Garbo: "You can tell by the bags under his eyes that he's been places." . . . In the Kit-Kat: "Do you know that here?" . . . "Only to say goodbye to." . . . In the Bandbox: "Since he met her he's a chained man." . . . In Club 18: "He looks like he hasn't been dead more'n eight months." . . . In the Queen Mary: "He's what you'd call attached to himself." . . . In the Paradise: "I've seen so many beautiful girls—my eyes are out of breath!"

WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By Bob Burns

SUPPOSE some of these publicity agents out here do stretch a point now and then when writing about their stars, but I want to tell you some of the actual stories of the trials and struggles of these actors on their way to fame, pret near makes your hair curl.

The other day I was talkin' to one of the stars of a little studio out here and I asked him to tell me the truth about how he got into pictures and he says, "Well, I was a waiter in one of them high priced night clubs in New York. The producer come in there one night and I waited on him and when he got through he had just enough money to pay his check, but not enough to tip me, so he gave me the lead in his next picture."



THE EVERYDAY MAGAZINE

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WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 24, 1931.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

How West Used Safety Play to Make Contract

Prevented North From Taking More Than One Trump Trick.

By Ely Culbertson

Last Wednesday's Questions.

QUESTION 24: You are West, declarer at a six spade contract.

The opponents did not bid.

North opens the diamond queen.

Your hand and dummy are as follows:

WEST (You)	DUMMY
♦ A J 8 6 5	♦ K 9 4
♦ K J 5	♦ A Q 4 3
♦ A K	♦ 8 4
♦ Q 10 6	♦ A K J 8

As declarer, what are your plays at the second and third tricks?

Answer: The only perceptible danger in this hand is that you may lose two trump tricks. Hence, correct planning involves a safety play in trumps. At the second trick you should lay down a spade ace; at the third trick you should lead a low spade and, if North follows suit, should play dummy's nine spot (unless, of course, North plays the ten or queen). For full explanation of this safety play see today's hand below. (No demerit for improper play, but take 25 points credit for playing as prescribed.)

Question 35: Both sides vulnerable. You deal and hold:

♦ A Q J 10 ♠ ♦ 7 ♠ ♦ A Q 9 5 ♠ ♦ 9

What call do you make?

Answer: You should bid one diamond. When choosing between a diamond and five card suit, the longer should be first, regardless of the rank of suits. By starting with one diamond, then bidding and rebidding spades, partner is clearly advised that you have six diamonds and five spades. (Eighteen points demerit for one spade; 30 points demerit for any other bid, including an opening two bid.)

TODAY'S QUESTIONS

Question 40: Both sides vulnerable. You are South. You deal and hold:

♦ A Q 10 8 5 ♠ ♦ A K 10 8 2 ♠ ♦ 7 ♠ ♦ 4

What call do you make?

Question 41: Only East-West are vulnerable. North-South have 40 part score. The bidding proceeds: South West North East

1 diamond Pass 2 clubs 2 spades

You are South and hold:

♦ 10 6 3 ♠ ♦ A K 10 8 2 ♠ ♦ 7 ♠ ♦ 4

What call do you make?

TODAY'S HAND

East, dealer.

Both sides vulnerable:

♦ Q 10 7 2

♦ 9 7 2

♦ Q 5 10

♦ Q 9 2

♦ A J 8 6 5

♦ K J 5

♦ A K

♦ Q 10 6

♦ A K J 8

NORTH

♦ 8

♦ 10 8 6 3

♦ 7 4 3

SOUTH

♦ 8

♦ 10 8 6 3

♦ 7 4 3

The bidding:

East South West North

1 heart Pass 2 spades Pass

1 heart Pass 4 no trump Pass

5 no trump Pass 6 hearts Pass

6 spades Pass Pass

This hand formed the basis of

Question 34. North opens the dia-

mond queen. It must be immedi-

ately apparent to declarer (West)

that his contract depends only on

holding his trump loss to one trick.

If the trumps are well split, any

method of play will be safe. But

if by chance North holds four

trumps, including the queen and

ten, ordinary methods of play will

be ineffectual. The safety play

against this possibility involves lay-

ing down the spade ace, then, if

both opponents follow, leading a

low spade, and if North follows

with a low card, to play dummy's

nine spot. Note that this guards

against every division of trumps

except a 5-5 split. As the cards

are placed, dummy's nine holds the

trick, and the king thus captures one

of North's honors, leaving only

one loser.

Suppose it were South who held

the four spades to the queen-ten.

In that case, North would show out

on declarer's second trump lead.

Dummy, of course, would play the

king and would lead the nine

spot through South, who could make

one trick only with his queen-ten

because West's jack still would be

intact. I advise readers to lay the

missing Q 10 7 3 2 of spades in

all possible combinations between

the North and South hands, and

note for themselves that the re-

commended play cannot lose (except

the unimportant over-trick) and

does gain if North holds both honor

cards doubly guarded.

Knowing and Doing.

If you are not as successful as

you want to be, it is not that you

are unable to reach greater heights.

It is that you are either struggling

in the wrong direction with the

talents you possess, or that you are

not making the effort necessary to

grow. For instance, how well do

you know yourself? Are you mak-

ing a definite effort to strengthen

your weak points? Think it over.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead, until next birth-

day, continues to offer personal

profit through home, estate mat-

terials.

ADVERTISING

Aene Pimple Discomfort

Use Black & White Ointment as

antiseptic dressing to relieve dis-

comfort of itching, burning, sore-

ness of superficial pimples, bumps

(blackheads), rashes, simple ring-

worm and dry eczema (salt rheum,

etc.) of external origin. Use

with Black & White Skin Soap.

car-old
and His
Girl Friend
on That Requires
in the Part of His
S.

Angelo Petri

A friend appears along the sixteenth year of the end's life. He happens in her direction one sees her in halos of light entrance him that from the sun about which revolves. It just can't be

girl friend is a healthy, my younger, he is a boy and his father and right to light a row of can Thanksgiving. They have too frequently happened boy is blind, deaf and all that happens outside of light—if the girl is not so happy, normal girl, the boy and his headed for grief. What

I pray. All direct teacher and done with. From you have to deal with a quite balanced. The least of disapproving is likely to enter into hysterics. Hysterically express themselves in tears and defiance. Don't

Wait. A girl often to the house, home and her people. If it's like you, what of it? like what is happening now, and it is their girl who concerned. Insist upon her family. Invite them home. The boy cannot ob-

ject, and the girl surely

It is necessary for the

of the children that the

meet and discuss them,

seas off many a trouble-

Plenty of other young peo-

the situation. The more

Say nothing personal

about the girl. Make

as casually as possible

the boy talks about her,

as little as you can, but

keep him telling you about

at point out her short-

You can be very sure

that direction from the

They don't miss

The boy will hear all he

know from headquarters,

a couple of rules that

kept. The boy should not

the girl more than one

week, and then keep early

There are to be no auto-

rides after night, no park-

and no two-somes on any ex-

This is the time that

is good company.

Rents of the boy have the

of the argument here,

girl's people who have to

she preserve her good

maintain a personal re-

membering that she is a

6, and a girl child at that,

no receipt for this sick-

nesses have to be thorough

will pass without leave-

er. It is hard while it lasts,

not as serious as it seems,

she makes a mistake.

Anything you can do for me will be gratefully appreciated.

Or if any of your readers will give me work so that I can buy these things, I would rather work than have to accept this kind of help. I do house-work, but recently have only been able to get single days out, and find it impossible to make a go of life on what I can earn.

IF YOU ASK My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Mrs. Carr:

WOULD like so much to have your advice. Four years ago the woman we rented from passed away. The house was sold and that left my mother and four brothers and me without a home. Nor did we have a place we could go because houses are scarce in our town. My mistress' heart was touched and, because I had been a servant to her, she lent me the money to buy a home. My family was very happy when I told them. Then the boys said they would help me pay it back. But only one kept his bargain until he became ill. He is now in a sanatorium. My other brothers have not contributed one thing. Mother makes so little that I don't expect her to do so.

Two years ago I married a good man who does all he can; of course, we both go without things we need. We are both young, just 28. Mrs. Carr, am I wrong to say my brothers to pay us something each week? Even 50 cents a week would help. One brother is 18 the other 30. I have asked my pastor to talk to them. They won't even help buy winter fuel, although they make more than I. They buy nice clothes and run around and spend money for good times. My husband is afraid of hurting my mother's feelings if he says anything. I am fed up. I hate to have to go to the law, but I am afraid I must do so. Please advise me what to do and how to do it.

FED UP.

As unfortunate and unpleasant as it is to have to take such a step with one's own family, a boy or man who is so insensitive to right and principle should be told that unless he contributes his rightful share of the expense, he will have to find another place. If the present condition continues, and your health gives way, the home may be lost to all the family. Surely your mother is fair enough to know that you are being imposed upon. And also she should realize that such an ultimatum to your brothers may teach them to rely upon themselves and give them backbone for the future. And you must let them know, positively, what your last resort will be.

Dear Martha Carr:

I AM BRINGING my problem to you, because I feel that you can help me. I am a young man of 22, who has a college education, and who comes from a good family. At present, I am working and I have the possibilities of a good future.

My problem is a young lady of 18 who is attending a local university, and who has about the same family background as I. I met this young lady under unusual circumstances, but I am in good standing with her family. Surely your mother is fair enough to know that you are being imposed upon. And also she should realize that such an ultimatum to your brothers may teach them to rely upon themselves and give them backbone for the future. And you must let them know, positively, what your last resort will be.

Before I met this girl, she was going with another fellow who I think gave her his frat pin. This young lady denies, but I have since learned that it was so. She still sees this fellow on dates and at school. When she is with me she is very cold and aloof, although she claims that she likes me, and wants me to date her. I am getting sick and tired of her aloofness, and her coldness. When she is with me, she tries to cover up with a very silly or childish mood.

What shall I do, forget about her, look into other fields, or keep pitching? I am still at the stage where I could forget her, but she seems to be the girl that I have been looking for.

Z. B. T.

Only the usual tactics of letting her think you are growing a little indifferent yourself, and using the right kind of smile for some other girl or two, probably will bring her to an appreciation of you. During this time, don't be pouty. A girl of 18 naturally does not feel that she wants to be gagged and tied, no matter how much more she thinks of you than she thinks of others.

Dear Mrs. Carr:

I HAVE NOTICED from reading your column daily, that you, through your readers, have helped many deserving persons, and as a last resort, I am appealing to you for assistance in getting some clothes for my children so they may continue at school. I have two girls who wear 9 and 10 1/2 dresses, and size 4 and 2 shoes; and one boy who wears 9 suit and size 1 shoe. The girls are without a coat and need underwear and shoes, and the boy needs a suit, underwear and shoes.

Anything you can do for me will be gratefully appreciated. Or if any of your readers will give me work so that I can buy these things, I would rather work than have to accept this kind of help. I do house-work, but recently have only been able to get single days out, and find it impossible to make a go of life on what I can earn.

H. E.

Peggy Joyce on Food By Inez Robb

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.

IT'S not another husband, it's not even more diamonds for which off-married, much beweilded Peggy Hopkins Joyce nurses an over-whelming yen. What the blonde charmer really longs for is a good home-cooked meal.

"Maybe baked beans and salt pork," she said dreamily as she sat, feet curled up under her 112-pound chassis, in a green brocade chair in the drawing room of her Fifth avenue hotel suite.

"I'm so tired of dining out," explained the town's most famous feminine diner-outer. "Next year I think I'll lease a small town house or a housekeeping apartment where I can have my own cook and some home-cooked food. There isn't even any place to boil an egg in this apartment," she said plaintively with a wave to indicate the luxurious suite some 30 stories above Fifth avenue.

At the moment the perpetually youthful Peggy is not only fascinated by the idea of a home of her own, but by the possibility of gracing a night club that would bear her own name.

"SOME MEN WANT to put a lot of money into a club named after me," she explained as her red-tipped fingers fluffed out her long gold bob. "They say I've got the biggest name in the country and that the whole set-up ought to be a natural for the World's Fair trade next year. But they want me to sign a two-year contract to appear twice every evening. Just get up on the floor and say a few words, and maybe introduce the entertainers. But at the moment I simply can't bring myself to sign such a contract."

"I DON'T SEE how you can possibly write a story about me," she replied reiterating at regular intervals. "I'm not engaged and I'm not going to get married. Really, there's no story."

"Whole heart and fancy free?" I asked.

"At the moment," Peggy said with an arch flutter of hands and lashes.

Her newest jewel, a perfect 41-carat sapphire ring, glowed on one slim finger of her left hand.

"Have you bought any new diamonds recently?" I asked.

"Oh, my dear!" Peggy gurgled with laughter. "what a question! What will my public think? I never bought a jewel for myself in my life!"

Dear Mrs. Post:

MRS. A., who died two years ago, was my husband's sister. The A's had two children; therefore my husband is their uncle. A month ago my husband's brother-in-law married again. My husband remains the uncle of the two children. I suppose, but is he still A's brother-in-law? Or did that relationship cease when A remarried?

Mr. A.'s second wife is inclined to be very friendly with us and we would like to go on considering A's brother-in-law but until this is cleared up our attitude—and especially introductions—will be more or less awkward.

Answer: The only reason for severing an in-law relationship is the existence of personal dislike.

That is, when, as does occasionally happen, in-laws are antipathetic to

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

SINGER WITHOUT A Song



THREE VIEWS OF GALE PAGE. HER REAL NAME IS SALLY PERKINS RUTTER.

By H. H. Niemeyer

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., Nov. 23.
M

OST anywhere in the world when you add up two and two, the answer is four, which is, we are informed, correct. Most anywhere you get that answer except here in Hollywood.

Consider Gale Page, for example.

She is described hereabouts, and rightly, as a very promising discovery.

She has that certain vague, indefinable something that makes for screen greatness. She's an extraordinarily attractive young woman; tall, dark and with a talent for wearing clothes that's excelled by few people in Hollywood, where wearing clothes—when they wear any at all—is an art.

She has a deep, throaty voice that makes one do zip-ups and tailspins when she speaks.

The sun always shines when the director calls "action"; the waved hair of the heroines to look perpetually complacent on the castaway island; Gale Page is something of a paradox.

Her screen friends don't fully understand this granddaughter of a Governor of Oregon and niece of a United States Senator from Washington, who quit a swanky private school because she wanted to try her acting ability in a Spokane stock company, and who still retains her Junior League membership after five years in radio, plus one year as a feminine "find" of the films.

As one film friend says about Gale: "You can never be definitely certain what she is like. Among the aristocrats, she's a Democrat. Among the Democrats, she's a Republican. Among the Republicans, she's in a hurry."

Nobody seems to know exactly what it was that caused the Warners to get dramatic actress for an answer when they added up her personality, appearance and past record. By all rights most people will agree, she should have been classed as an exotic.

Perhaps it was because Miss Page, habitually though unconsciously, manages to do something to prove she's not an exotic just as you've measured her thusly. She'll stroll gracefully into the studio commissary, her brown eyes sparkling, her continental cast of features set in a half smile. She looks every inch the exotic.

Then she'll sit at one of the square, blue-topped tables and the first thing she does is remove her fine clothes and done mising.

Gale repeated her original performance in her second assignment, "The Amazing Dr. Clitterhouse" to the type of roles her personality suggested. But no. Someone at Warners started adding two and two, got five for an answer and not more than a day or two after her arrival at the studio Miss Page found herself playing the lead in "Crime School." She had no luxurious clothes to wear. She had no songs to sing. She has played in several pictures since, but she has worn no fine clothes and done mising.

"They hurt!" she explains. As a matter of fact, Gale has been very much the same way for the better part of her 25 years. When she felt like taking off her shoes, she just took 'em off.

One of two daughters of banker R. L. Rutter of Spokane, Wash., she spent her early years being much impressed by the fact that her older sister, Carol Rutter (now Mrs. T. W. Symons Jr.), had made an early step into stage life. Sister Carol enjoyed the thrill of acting with Fay Bainter in "The Kiss Bumper," and with May Robson in "Tish."

Envy Big Sister, Gale vowed to renew it—technically known on 17 shows; two every evening and three matinees a week. Sally galloped through those 17 shows with the enthusiasm of a Sally Rand ordering her first fan.

Then one evening when she was back home, Sally's brother, R. L. Rutter Jr., wanted a vocalist to round out a radio program for KFBY, a broadcasting station whose control he had taken over.

For the next five years Sally continued to be a radio hit; for a while over her brother's station, and then, later, for more than four years as a featured singer and dramatic per-

former over national outlets from Chicago. She was featured in the radio strip, "Today's Children," with Fibber McGee and Molly, and in Roy Shields' Revue.

Sally changed her name for professional purposes to "Gale Page," since her mother's name had been Isabel Gale, and Sally figured she was turning a new page in her life story.

Her low-pitched, and vibrant voice made a hit on the radio, both in her dramatic skits, in ballads, and blues songs. An accumulation of glowing reports by film scouts moved the Hollywood studios to seek out Miss Page in Chicago last year. Warners offered the actress a screen test and her friend, Irma Phillips, who wrote and directed "Today's Children" program, wrote a special skit which featured her as a night club singer, and which proved to be an emotional actress. This became her highly successful screen test.

It is not very safe to write long and pleasant stories predicting great things for young actresses who come to Hollywood with what is called a long contract. The contract is for seven years all right but it has a catch in it. The studio can renew it—technically known as "taking up the option"—every three months, or drop the player when

she would satisfy a similar craving to be an actress. The older sister has now retired to the life of a clubwoman, but Gale is currently showing the world that she is an actress, indeed; having already made a success in three mediums—the stage, radio and the screen.

But Gale Page is different. She never washed dishes for one thing and the Warner boys, who have been looking around for someone to step into the lately vacated star dressing room of Kay Francis, really have an idea that Gale will fit into that room very nicely after a few more pictures.

A highly developed will to succeed, and an intense personal vitality, are the third and fourth things you notice about Gale Page when you meet her. The first, of course, is that Miss Page is a strikingly attractive girl; and the second is that she is smart. The somewhat unique good looks that always win this actress a second look, in part due to her strains of American Indian blood. Otherwise, Miss Page is English and Irish by racial heritage.

Her maternal grandfather, Joseph Gale, was chairman of the executive committee of the first provisional government of Oregon in 1842, and afterward became Oregon's first Governor.

Her uncle was the late United States Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, who afterward became minister to Peru. And somewhere, among her ancestors, the Indian blood came in briefly. But Gale is Indian—just a lovely and rapturously American girl who is going places in the movies. Watch her go.

Glass Measuring Cups

COOK COOS

By Ted Cook

GENTEL RACKET.
(Oakland, Cal., Examiner.)

COMELY, soft-spoken woman of 35 years, as confidential listener to executive, professional, retired or active business person who desires discreet party to think aloud to. Box A-1526.

BETWEEN OF OMAR.
(Lamar, Mo., Democrat.)

As Smith Long and Omar McMurray were both driving westward on the street north of Milton Jones' house and south of the Ravenwood Manor lots about 1:30 Sunday afternoon, Omar's front bumper locked with Long's rear bumper. The collision caused both cars to come to a stop. Each man began getting out of his car. Omar walked toward Smith, the latter telling Omar repeatedly to stay away from him. Omar walked up to Smith and struck him at the side of the head with his fist, sending Smith to the grass. Smith arose shortly after he was knocked down, and Omar hit him again on the side of the forehead, knocking him down. Homer Rakeshaw and Victor Turner tried to put a stop to the fight. As they approached, Omar was duncing Smith, charging that he broke up Omar and his first wife. Omar is the most powerful man in town. Smith is past 60 and no match for Omar. The two blows that Omar dealt Smith raised knots as large as small apples.

Little Willie, playful dear, Put gasoline in Papa's beer, Mama cried, "Oh, Boy; tonight! Just wait till Pa asks for a night!"

FAMOUS LAST WORDS.

Room for one more on this plane. Chance to ride with Paul White, Sophie Tucker, Max Mountain Dean and Kate Smith.

Going right up.

Orange Gold Cake

(Uses Left-Over Egg Yolks)
One-half cup fat.
One cup granulated sugar.
One-half cup orange juice.
One-teaspoon grated orange rind.
One-teaspoon lemon extract.
Eight egg yolks (beaten).
Two and one-half cups pastry flour.

Three teaspoons baking powder.
Cream fat and sugar together until soft. Add rest of ingredients and beat for two minutes. Pour into two layer-cake pans lined with waxed paper and bake for 20 minutes in a moderate oven. Cool and frost as follows:

Three tablespoons hot orange juice.
Two tablespoons hot cream.
Four tablespoons butter.
One-eighth teaspoon salt.
One-half teaspoon lemon extract.
Two cups confectioners' sugar.
Mix ingredients and beat thoroughly. Let stand for five minutes. Beat until creamy and frost the cake.

PEANUT BUTTER CANAPES.
Spread rounds of bread with peanut butter. Over the tops sprinkle bacon that has been put through the grinder. Place under the broiler until the bacon is nicely browned and serve immediately. Particularly good with tomato juice cocktails.

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

By Ripley

TO ADD THE FOLLOWING
NUMBERS TO MAKE 48

1	REVERSE	THE	6
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45			7
48			8
9			9

GO TO
BLAISES
PARKING LOT

SIGN IN
New Orleans

Levi
DURGIN HAD COAL BLACK HAIR
AND A SNOW-WHITE BEARD!
HE HAD A DOUBLE ROW OF TEETH
—UPPER AND LOWER

Stoneham, Maine

The BROOKLYN-CURTIS BAY EMERGENCY HOSPITAL, Baltimore, COSTING \$25,000*, WAS NEVER OPENED. IT SERVES AS A 75 ROOM HOME FOR A 5-A WEEK JANITOR.

NANCY ANN
DINGLER
AGE 4
DRUM MAJOR
FOR THE AMERICAN LEGION BAND
Peru, Illinois

PAGE 4D

THE EVERYDAY MAGAZINE

PUBLISHED EVERYDAY — WEEK-DAYS AND SUNDAYS

WEDNESDAY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1938.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

A Serial Story

..... By ROB EDEN

THE RING COST A DIME . . .

Janice Misses Van, Although She Feels She Is More in Love With Howard Than Ever—Betty Calls on Her.

CHAPTER TWENTY-SEVEN.

JANICE took Dr. Perry's advice, not because it was the kind of advice her father would have given, but because it was what she intended to do anyway. It was what Betty's eyes had warned her to do. But it was hard not to call the house and find out how Howard was and what he was doing, and whether his recovery was going along as it should.

Miss Hancock's call at the store the third day put her at ease. She tried to thank the nurse properly but couldn't. Miss Hancock had not much news, but she did say that Mr. Dorian was coming along fine—better than Dr. Perry had hoped. Mrs. Emerson needn't be worried. Janice never knew why Miss Hancock called, whether Howard's mother had urged her to, or whether Dr. Perry had suggested it, or how she had found out just which department to phone at Kelland's. The important thing was that she had called, and that she was going to ring again in a few days, and she said that if Mrs. Emerson wished to telephone her on her hours off from her case, she would give her the phone number. Janice took the number thankfully.

"It's a different love I have for Van. Not the love I have for Howard. Van is such a comfort to me—one no one has ever been the comfort he has been to me except my father. I can talk to him about things that I've never been able to talk about to Howard."

"What's it all coming to?" Pat asked, but not sharply, kindly.

Janice didn't know. That was what she wondered on her walks at night. What's it all coming to? What am I going to do? What is Howard going to do?

THE wound had been healing so well. Now it was torn open again, ripped open. She thought she loved Howard more than she had ever loved him before. She told Pat so.

The letters from home worried her. She knew she should tell her father that she and Van were separated but she couldn't bring herself to write the words she wanted to write. Every day she would say to herself: "I'll write to him tomorrow." Perhaps she would write, but she wouldn't write what she intended to write. The same sort of letters would come from home, letters asking about Van, what they were doing together, how Van's work was coming, were they planning on coming home for Christmas? They must do that. In her father's letters—they still came once a week—there was news about the river property. He had gone up to the place and tramped around. The snow was heavy on the ground, but the river was flowing nicely, and had started to freeze. Some day when he had a few hours of leisure, he was going to point the river from the steps of the house—but later when the water was solid ice.

Florence, too, was more enthusiastic about the river place than she had been. She went out by herself on days in the snow to see it, and came home to write a long letter to Janice about how beautiful it was at sunset. The last paragraph of the letter was an urgent plea to the Emerson's to come for Christmas. In her efficient way Florence had looked up air schedules.

NEARLY every night now except when Pat and Jack came over, she went out for a walk. It was the only way she could be sure of a decent sleep.

The days passed, days filled with work for Kelland's, and nights with thoughts of Howard, she wondered why her life had cut into two such different worlds—the world that Howard dominated, the old world so full of him, which had gone for a time, and had come back stronger than ever. The other world which was Van's even though he was gone from it.

She tried to tell Pat how she felt about the division of her life, and Pat said she understood, but Janice knew she didn't. Pat's life was so straight and the path through it so clear, that Pat

TODAY'S PATTERN



Smart Shirtwaister

SEE what happens when smart, slim lines get together—an Anne Adams shirtwaister that flatters the stouter figure in the most charming way! Older women too will like this "yoke" style with button front—not only for its trim smartness, but also because it can be donned with the greatest of ease. Why not hurry in your order for Pattern 4835, so you can stitch it up in time for holiday wear? The making is very simple, with the sewing instructor showing in plain black and white just what to do. You have choice of two becoming collars, and two sleeves—the short one deftly slashed for comfort. Pockets are optional. Choose wood crepe or a laundereable cotton or synthetic.

Pattern 4835 is available in misses' and women's sizes 16, 18, 20, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches. Size 36 takes 2½ yards 54 inches.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (5¢) in coins for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly SIZE, NAME, ADDRESS and STYLÉ NUMBER.

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Send your order to St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th St., New York, N. Y.

uses, and pick out one which would suit them all.

Janice knew there wasn't any chance of both of them going to Lorimer for Christmas. She wanted to go, yet she couldn't go without Van, and she couldn't ask him to go with her. But she wanted to go. She felt the need of going.

"I don't see why you just don't tell them you and Van are separated. That's the easiest way," Pat advised in her straightforward method of getting to the point of problem.

Pat was a good deal like Howard about some things. Janice decided as she shook her head. Howard liked to tackle problems firmly, too. He would have said the same thing about explanations home. Van wouldn't. He would understand.

She signed the papers for the deed to the river property two weeks after Howard's crisis. Van wasn't present when she went up to Mr. Gregson's office, but he had been present, she saw by the signatures that preceded hers on the documents. The property was to be listed jointly, and Mr. Gregson was handling it for Van.

Gregson had telephoned Janice for the appointment at his office. She hadn't asked him whether Van would be there, but she hoped he would be. She was disappointed when he wasn't.

"Mr. Emerson has instructed me to hold the property as it is for about six months or a year," Gregson explained, "and then put it on the market." He says he doesn't expect to make a profit, and that he will even undercut the purchase price if necessary. Now, if you will sign here—" He pointed to the blank space under Van's name.

Janice signed. Her hands were shaking a little and the signature was wobbly. She noticed that Van's was wobbly, too. Janice Garth Emerson. Her legal name. "This is all I have to do."

"That's all, Mrs. Emerson, until you decide to resell the property, then you'll have to come up here again. Mr. Emerson wants you to keep the deed so I'll send it to you as soon as it is recorded."

JANICE stuffed the receipt in her purse, and when she went out it seemed strange to her that she was carrying the right to ownership of the river property in her handbag. It was the first time she had ever owned any property, or ever signed a legal paper involving it.

"Till tell Van that we'll make a chalk mark through the porch of the house and one side will be mine and the other his," she said to herself happily as she went back to the office. Then she remembered that she couldn't tell him anything, because she wouldn't see him. He had made it quite plain by his absence at Mr. Gregson's office, that he didn't even intend to see her for legal matters.

The ownership of the property made her happy, and unhappy, too. Happy because she had possession of the place which she liked, unhappy because she would never live there. In the end someone else would live in the Daniels' place, and servants would perhaps occupy the shack Van intended for his laboratory.

She didn't notice the limousine standing in front of the Bradley entrance that evening when she

Placing Furniture In Difficult Room

By Elizabeth Boykin

lieve you could put your secretary on one side of the arch leading into the dining-room. I don't see how you'll be able to keep both sofa and love seat in the room. The sofa would be more comfortable, of course, but since it is not in good repair, and the love seat is, why not place the love seat in front of one window with the wing chair near; I'd get another easy chair to complete this group and add to the seating capacity of the room. I believe that a pair of wood frame mahogany chairs would be best to flank that interesting old table, but perhaps these could have open arms so as to be comfortable to pull into the conversational group around the love seat when needed.

I'd like to see a soft blue rug in that room. Then perhaps blue seats for the wood frame chairs that are near the table. And soft ivory marquises would be my choice for the glass curtains.

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To the best answer of 50 words or less \$500 will be awarded. Second Prize \$100. 50 Prizes of \$10 each. \$450 Prizes of \$3 each will be awarded in each district. Distalate prizes will be awarded in each district. Employees of Horlick's or affiliated companies can not compete. Decisions of judges, R. L. Polk & Company, will be final. All entries become our property. Send wrapper to Dept. U156, Horlick's Malted Milk Corporation, Racine, Wisconsin.

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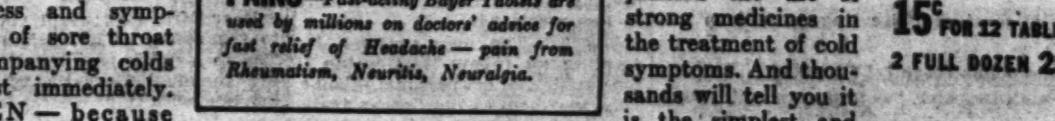
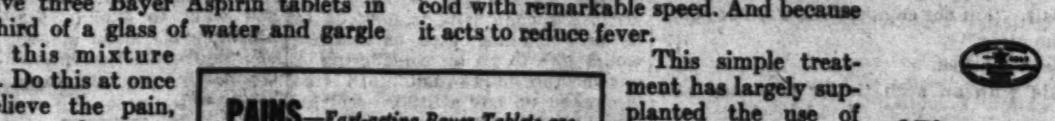
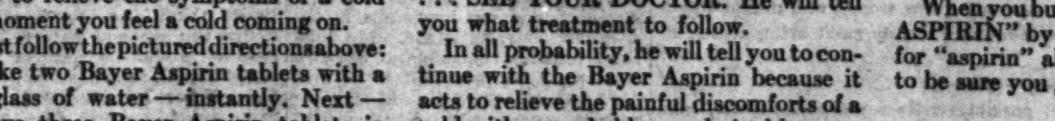
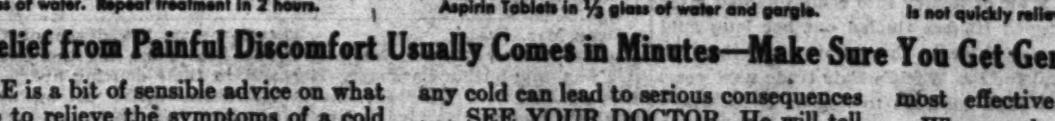
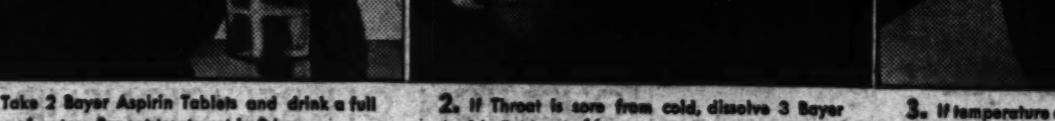
It always pays to pour boiling water over the dishes after washing. First of all, it removes all the suds, and secondly, it makes them so much easier to dry. Scalding dishes will require fewer towels for the drying process, also.



Accompanying Colds
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This simple treatment has largely supplanted the use of strong medicines in the treatment of cold symptoms. And thousands will tell you it is the simplest and

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KMOX—Star Valley.

KMOX—The Rock Fosters.

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KMOX—Life Can Be Beautiful.
KMOX—Farm Service Bureau. KMOX—
Noeasy Devotion. Rev. Lewis Nunn.
KMOX—Lunch Club.

KMOX—General's Club.

KMOX—The Rose of Life. KMOX—
Pebbles.

KMOX—Clyde Clegg.

KMOX—The Lone Ranger.

KMOX—Tommy Dorney's Orchestra.

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Grin and Bear It—By Lichy

(Copyright, 1938.)



"YOU COMPLAIN OF A HARD DAY AT THE OFFICE? WHY, MY WORK HAS JUST BEGUN!"

Sunflower Street—By Tom Little and Tom Sims

(Copyright, 1938.)



EENY,
MEENY, MINY
AND MOE

Room and Board—By Gene Ahern

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OVER,
JUDGE!

Blondie—By Chic Young

Oh, Well, the Dressing'll Taste Good!

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Popeye

"The Anvil Chorus"

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Li'l Abner—By Al Capp

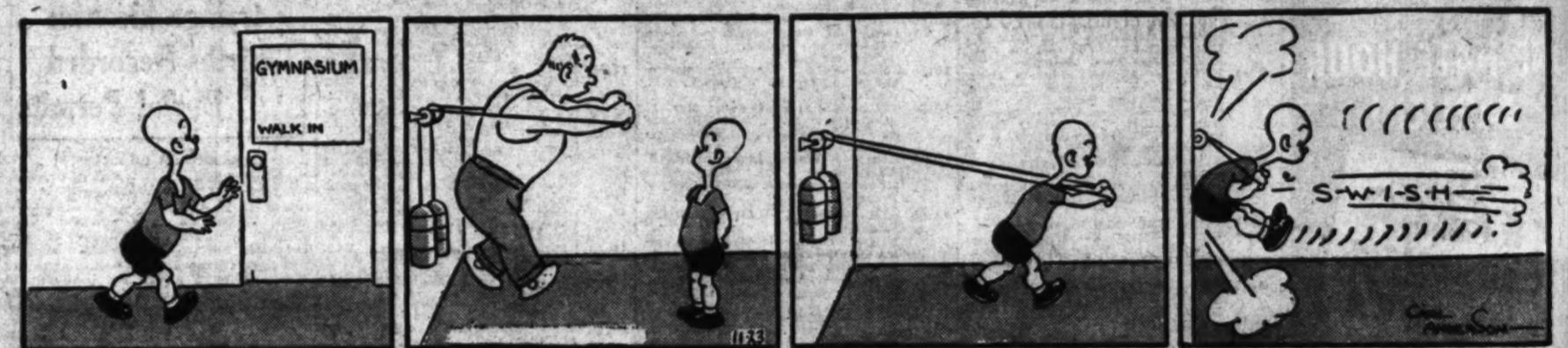
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FOREST FIRE DESTROY 3 HOUSES NEAR LOS ANGELES

Blazes in San Bernadino and Santa Monica Range—Out of Control in Los Angeles Area—Rogers House Threatened.

RESIDENCES IN MONTECITO COLONY ENDANCHED

\$750,000 Arrowhead Springs Hotel and Club Razed—Total Estimated at More than \$2,000,000.

By Associated Press.
LOS ANGELES, Nov. 24.—A new spurt, a disastrous brush fire in the Santa Monica Mountains practically out of control today toward Manzanares Canyon, where many homes are situated.

This blaze and one in the Bernardino Mountains 65 miles west already have caused damages estimated at more than \$2,000,000.

Spread of the Santa Monica fire caused a new spurt, a disastrous brush fire in the Santa Monica Mountains practically out of control today toward Manzanares Canyon, where many homes are situated.

Mrs. Rogers finally was able to leave by automobile. The driver and Actors Leo Carrillo and Bruce Cabot, remained to man.

A flying ember ignited one of the Rogers stables but the entablature was quickly extinguished.

The Santa Monica blaze began in the hills above Topanga, Santa Ynez, Las Flores and Temescal canyons, all being kindled in tinder-dry brush today.

Burning some 3000 acres greatest loss in the history of Angeles County, the conflagration destroyed 250 homes and caused a swift from mountain to the Pacific shore across a field untouched by fire for 20 years.

Families fled on foot, were jammed. The fire spread rapidly, Richard Dix's \$25,000 estate, the 150-home community of wood, although encircling its advance.

Pacific Palisades, the Santa Monica Canyon and Bel-Air's palatial movie homes were threatened. The homes of the Riviera and University clubs had been engulfed in the threatened region with homes of W. C. Fields, Marjorie Merriweather Post and other screen celebrities.

Fall of Smoke on Coastline

A pall of smoke covers coastline from the city of Santa Barbara to the movie colony homes at Malibu, some 15 miles north.

Two hundred movie players in Topanga Canyon ordered to evacuate. They set to the flames and shelled some of the men duty in the fire lines.

Traffic on Roosevelt between the Topanga and Las Flores areas to facilitate

Accused of starting the dump live coals from a dump they were dead, Workman was held by Los Angeles Fire Department arson experts. He was identified as Imre Trewitt, employed on a ranch in Santa Ynez bordering Topanga. Trewitt trying to stamp out the fire to have it race over brush.

Fire Near San Bernardino, Los Angeles, 50 miles east, razed the \$750,000 Arrowhead Springs Hotel as well as the Ritz brothers' residence safety. Recently purchased by James Schenck, movie magnate, for his bathhouse spring training residence years of the Pittsburgh League baseball club.

Los Angeles night by more than 20 homes were destroyed. Went down Waterman while authorities search.

Continued on Page 2.